



Please read this installation manual completely before installing the product. Installation work must be performed in accordance with the national wiring standards by authorized personnel only.

Please retain this installation manual for future reference after reading it thoroughly. Please read this manual carefully before operating your set and retain it for future reference.

Air-cooled Inverter Scroll Chiller ACHH Series Original instruction



TIPS FOR SAVING ENERGY

Here are some tips that will help you minimize the power consumption when you use the air conditioner. You can use your air conditioner more efficiently by referring to the instructions below:

- Do not cool excessively indoors. This may be harmful for your health and may consume more electricity.
- Block sunlight with blinds or curtains while you are operating the air conditioner.
- Keep doors or windows closed tightly while you are operating the air conditioner.
- Adjust the direction of the air flow vertically or horizontally to circulate indoor air.
- Speed up the fan to cool or warm indoor air guickly, in a short period of time.
- Open windows regularly for ventilation as the indoor air quality may deteriorate if the air conditioner is used for many hours.
- Clean the air filter once every 2 weeks. Dust and impurities collected in the air filter may block the air flow or weaken the cooling / dehumidifying functions.



ENGLISH Disposal of your old appliance

- This crossed-out wheeled bin symbol indicates that waste electrical and electronic products (WEEE) should be disposed of separately from the municipal waste stream.
- 2. Old electrical products can contain hazardous substances so correct disposal of your old appliance will help prevent potential negative consequences for the environment and human health. Your old appliance may contain reusable parts that could be used to repair other products, and other valuable materials that can be recycled to conserve limited resources.
- 3. You can take your appliance either to the shop where you purchased the product, or contact your local government waste office for details of your nearest authorised WEEE collection point. For the most up to date information for your country please see www.lg.com/global/recycling.

For your records

Staple your receipt to this page in case you need it to prove the date of purchase or for warranty purposes. Write the model number and the serial number here:

| VI | loc | lel | number | : |
|----|-----|-----|--------|---|
| | | | | |

Serial number :

You can find them on a label on the side of each unit.

Dealer's name:

Date of purchase:

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING THE APPLIANCE.

Always comply with the following precautions to avoid dangerous situations and ensure peak performance of your product.



WARNING

It can result in serious injury or death when the directions are ianored



/!\ CAUTION

It can result in minor injury or product damage when the directions are ignored

WARNING

- Installation or repairs made by unqualified persons can result in hazards to you and others.
- Installation of all field wiring and components MUST conform with local building codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code 70 and the National Building Construction and Safety Code or Canadian Electrical Code and National Building Code of Canada.
- The information contained in the manual is intended for use by a qualified service technician familiar with safety procedures and equipped with the proper tools and test instruments.
- Failure to carefully read and follow all instructions in this manual can result in equipment malfunction, property damage, personal injury and/or death.

Installation

- Installation is to be performed by qualified personnel who are familiar with local codes and regulations.
 - There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.
- Always install a dedicated circuit and breaker.
 - Improper wiring or installation may cause fire or electric shock.
- For re-installation of the installed product, always contact a dealer or an Authorized Service Center.
 - There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.

- Do not install, remove, or re-install the unit by yourself (customer).
 - There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.
- Prepare for strong wind or earthquake and install the unit at the specified place.
 - Improper installation may cause the unit to topple and result in injury.
- When installing and moving the Product to another site, do not charge it with a different refrigerant from the refrigerant specified on the unit.
 - If a different refrigerant or air is mixed with the original refrigerant, the refrigerant cycle may malfunction and the unit may be damaged.
- Securely install the cover of control box and the panel.
 - If the cover and panel are not installed securely, dust or water may enter the outdoor unit and fire or electric shock may result.
- If the Product is installed in a small room, measures must be taken to prevent the refrigerant concentration from exceeding the safety limit when the refrigerant leaks.
 - Consult the dealer regarding the appropriate measures to prevent the safety limit from being exceeded. Should the refrigerant leak and cause the safety limit to be exceeded, hazards due to lack of oxygen in the room could result.
- Use the correctly rated breaker or fuse.
 - There is risk of fire or electric shock.
- Have all electric work done by a licensed electrician according to regulations and the instructions given in this manual and always use a special circuit.
 - If the power source capacity is inadequate or electric work is performed improperly, electric shock or fire may result.
- There must be no obstruction above the unit.
 - It would deflect discharge air downward where it could be recirculated back to the inlet of the condenser coil. The condenser fans are propeller type and will not operate with ductwork on the fan outlet.
- When transporting the product, use the forklift or spreader bar in accordance with the manual.
 - Arbitrarily moving the product can cause product damage or injury.

- When moving the product using the forklift, check the weight of the chiller, size and length of the fork to select the appropriate equipment.
 - It can cause damage or injury.
- When hanging the product on the hoist to move the chiller, make sure that the load of the product is evenly distributed and leveled during the move.
 - It can cause damage or injury.
- When moving the product using the spreader bar, make sure to select the spreader bar with material and size to sufficiently support the strength spreader bar.
 - Using inappropriate spreader bar can cause the product to fall and cause injury due to the strength or size.
- Always ground the product.
 - There is risk of fire or electric shock.
- Do not store or use flammable gas or combustibles near the Product.
 - There is risk of fire or failure of product.
- Do not reconstruct to change the settings of the protection devices.
 - If the pressure switch, thermal switch, or other protection device is shorted and operated forcibly, or parts other than those specified by LGE are used, fire or explosion may result.
- Ventilate before operating Product when gas leaked out.
 - It may cause explosion, fire, and burn.
- Use a vacuum pump or Inert (nitrogen) gas when doing leakage test or air purge. Do not compress air or Oxygen and Do not use Flammable gases. Otherwise, it may cause fire or explosion.
 - There is the risk of death, injury, fire or explosion.

Use

- Do not damage or use an unspecified POWER CABLE.
 - There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.
- Use a dedicated outlet for this appliance.
 - There is risk of fire or electrical shock.
- Be cautious that water could not enter the Product.
 - There is risk of fire, electric shock, or product damage.
- Do not touch the power switch with wet hands.
 - There is risk of fire, electric shock, explosion, or injury.

- When installing and moving the Product to another site, do not charge it with a different refrigerant from the refrigerant specified on the unit.
 - If a different refrigerant or air is mixed with the original refrigerant, the refrigerant cycle may malfunction and the unit may be damaged.
- When the product is soaked (flooded or submerged), contact an Authorized Service Center.
 - There is risk of fire or electric shock.
- Be cautious not to touch the sharp edges and coil.
 - It may cause injury.
- Take care to ensure that nobody could step on or fall onto the outdoor unit.
 - This could result in personal injury and product damage.
- Do not open the inlet grille of the product during operation.
 (Do not touch the electrostatic filter, if the unit is so equipped.)
 - There is risk of physical injury, electric shock, or product failure.
- Be careful during valve checkout about hot gas line
 - It may become hot enough to cause injury.
- Electric shock hazard. Can cause severe injury or death. Even when power to the panel is off, output board could be connected to high voltage.
- Electric shock hazard. Turn off all power before doing any service.
- Turn the main power off in case of installation or service.

A CAUTION

Installation

- Always check for gas (refrigerant) leakage after installation or repair of product.
 - Low refrigerant levels may cause failure of product.
- Do not install the product where the noise or hot air from the outdoor unit could damage the neighborhoods.
 - It may cause a problem for your neighbors.
- Keep level even when installing the product.
 - To avoid vibration or water leakage.
- Do not install the unit where combustible gas may leak.
 - If the gas leaks and accumulates around the unit, an explosion may result.

- Do not install the product where it is exposed to sea wind (salt spray) directly.
 - It may cause corrosion on the product. Corrosion, particularly on the condenser and evaporator fins, could cause product malfunction or inefficient operation.
- When installing the unit in a hospital, communication station, or similar place, provide sufficient protection against noise.
 - The inverter equipment, private power generator, high-frequency medical equipment, or radio communication equipment may cause the Product to operate erroneously, or fail to operate. On the other hand, the Product may affect such equipment by creating noise that disturbs medical treatment or image broadcasting.
- Use power cables of sufficient current carrying capacity and rating.
 - Cables that are too small may leak, generate heat, and cause a fire.
- Do not use the product for special purposes, such as preserving foods, works of art, etc. It is a consumer Product, not a precision refrigeration system.
 - There is risk of damage or loss of property.
- Keep the unit away from children. The heat exchanger is very sharp.
 - It can cause the injury, such as cutting the finger. Also the damaged fin may result in degradation of capacity.
- The operator must provide protection against water circuit freezing on all Product units.
 - To prevent damage from freezing water.

Use

- Do not use the Product in special environments.
 - Oil, steam, sulfuric smoke, etc. can significantly reduce the performance of the Product or damage its parts.
- Make the connections securely so that the outside force of the cable may not be applied to the terminals.
 - Inadequate connection and fastening may generate heat and cause a fire.
- Be sure the installation area does not deteriorate with age.
 - If the base collapses, the Product could fall with it, causing property damage, product failure, or personal injury.

- ENGLISH
- Install and insulate the drain hose to ensure that water is drained away properly based on the installation manual.
 - A bad connection may cause water leakage.
- Be very careful about product transportation.
 - Do not touch the heat exchanger fins. Doing so may cut your fingers.
 - When transporting the outdoor unit, suspending it at the specified positions on the unit base. Also support the outdoor unit at four points so that it cannot slip sideways.
- Safely dispose of the packing materials.
 - Packing materials, such as nails and other metal or wooden parts, may cause stabs or other injuries.
 - Tear apart and throw away plastic packaging bags so that children may not play with them. If children play with a plastic bag which was not torn apart, they face the risk of suffocation.
- Turn on the power at least 6 hours before starting operation.
 - Starting operation immediately after turning on the main power switch can result in severe damage to internal parts. Keep the power switch turned on during the operational season.
- Do not touch any of the refrigerant piping during and after operation.
 - It can cause a burn or frostbite.
- Do not operate the Product with the panels or guards removed.
 - Rotating, hot, or high-voltage parts can cause injuries.
- Do not directly turn off the main power switch after stopping operation.
 - Wait at least 5 minutes before turning off the main power switch. Otherwise it may result in water leakage or other problems.
- When re-running the product after keep product long time in a low temperature conditions, touch function may not work temporarily.
 - Wait for a time. After time, product work normally.
- Do not insert hands or other objects through the air inlet or outlet while the Product is plugged in.
 - There are sharp and moving parts that could cause personal injury.
- Field wiring must be installed according to unit wiring diagram.
 - It may cause serious electrical damage can occur.

- Do not use an automotive grade antifreeze. Industrial grade glycols must be used. Automotive antifreeze contains inhibitors which will cause plating on the copper tubes within the Product evaporator. The type and handling of glycol used must be consistent with local codes.
- Electrical power must be applied to the compressor crankcase heaters 3 hours before starting unit to drive off refrigerant from the oil.
- Any changes to these parameters must be determined and implemented by qualified personnel with a thorough understanding of how these parameters affect the operation of the unit. Negligent or improper adjustment of these controls can result in damage to the unit or personal injury.
- Service on this equipment is to be performed by qualified refrigeration personnel familiar with equipment operation, maintenance, correct servicing procedures, and the safety hazards inherent in this work. Causes for repeated tripping of equipment protection controls must be investigated and corrected.
- Anyone servicing this equipment shall comply with the requirements set forth by the EPA in regards to refrigerant reclamation and venting.
- This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.
 Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.
- This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.

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PRODUCT INTRODUCTION

General information

Product information

Inverter Scroll Chiller of LG Electronics provides cold water for cooling air conditioning system using AHU or FCU etc. Air Cooled R410A Refrigerant Scroll Chiller ACHH Series designed for outdoors is a single unit product of modular type composed of scroll compressor, air cooled condenser, electronic expansion valve, evaporator and LG HMI (Human Machine Interface).

ACHH Series is composed of 2 inverter compressor to form independent refrigerant cycle and one unit module can configure up to maximum of 3 refrigerant cycles and interlock of 5 modules by using AC Smart controller and up to 10 modules by using ACP.

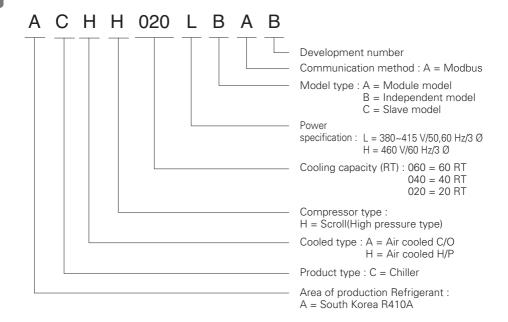
ACHH Series applies the inverter technology to the compressor and condenser fan motor for not only high load but also highly efficient operation in all operating areas.

HMI controller of ACHH Series has the LG's unique control logic to monitor all parameters controlling the operation. These parameters can be controlled to improve the operational efficiency to continuously supply cold water by optimizing to the environment.

Each refrigerant cycle includes the check valve, electronic expansion valve, strainer and refrigerant charge valve. Evaporator connected to the cold water uses the plate type heat exchanger and the condenser uses the air cooled fin and tube heat exchanger.

Inverter Scroll Chiller is a commercial/industrial product.

Model naming convention



Airborne Noise Emission

The A-weighted sound power of this product is 93 dB.

The figures quoted are emission level and are not necessarily safe working levels. Whilst there is a correlation between the emission and exposure levels, this cannot be used reliably to determine whether or not further precautions are required. Factor that influence the actual level of exposure of the workforce include the characteristics of the work room and the other sources of noise, i.e. the number of equipment and other adjacent processes and the length of time for which an operator exposed to the noise. Also, the permissible exposure level can vary from country to country. This information, however, will enable the user of the equipment to make a better evaluation of the hazard and risk.

^{**} The noise level can vary depending on the site.

Product information

| Inverter Scroll Chiller | | ACHH020LBAB H/P | ACHH023LBAB H/P | ACHH033LBAB H/P | ACHH040LBAB H/P |
|--|---------------------|--------------------|---|---|--|
| Power | | 3.4.380~415 | 3.4.380~415 | 3.4.380~415 | 3.4.380~415 |
| | Phase,Lines,V kW | 65.0 | 74.0 | 114.0 | 130.0 |
| oling | RT | 18.5 | 21.0 | 32.4 | 37.0 |
| | kW | 70.3 | 82.0 | 120.0 | 140.6 |
| ating | RT | 20 | 23 | 34 | 40.6 |
| alina | kW | 22.2 | 27.4 | 36.8 | 44.4 |
| oling | kW | 21.6 | 27.4 | 35.3 | 44.4 |
| ating | | 39 | 48 | | 43.3 78 |
| ent | A | | | 72 | |
| oling | W/W | 2.93 | 2.70 | 3.10 | 2.93 |
| ating | W/W | 3.25 | 3.00 | 3.40 | 3.25 |
| | W/W | 4.40 | 4.20 | 4.50 | 4.40 |
| | W/W | 3.30 | 3.30 | 3.30 | 3.30 |
| | dBA | 67 | 68 | 68 | 68 |
| oling | dBA | 86 | 88 | 85 | 90 |
| ating | UD/A | 86 | 88 | 89 | 90 |
| pe | - | Scroll | Scroll | Scroll | Scroll |
| . of Compressor | EA | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| Туре | - | PVE | PVE | PVE | PVE |
| charge | CC | 1400*2 | 1400*2 | 1400*4 | 1400*4 |
| mp Heater | W | 60*2 | 60*2 | 60*4 | 60*4 |
| pe . | - | R410A | R410A | R410A | R410A |
| nout of Charged | Kg | 7.0 kg X 2 | 7.0 kg X 2 | 7.0 kg X 4 | 7.0 kg X 4 |
| VP | - | 2087.5 | 2087.5 | 2087.5 | 2087.5 |
| O ₂ eq | - | 29.23 | 29.23 | 58.45 | 58.45 |
| oe e | - | plate | plate | plate | plate |
| essure drop | kPa | 21.5 | 28.7 | 18.7 | 21.5 |
| erating maxium pressure efrigrant / Water) | kg/cm ² | 42/10 | 42/10 | 42/10 | 42/10 |
| andard Flow poling/Heating) | LPM | 186/200 | 211/235 | 327/345 | 372/400 |
| et/Outlet diameter ater pipe) | mm | 50A/50A | 50A/50A | 65A/65A | 65A/65A |
| oe . | - | BLDC | BLDC | BLDC | BLDC |
| , of Fan | EA | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| . of Vanes | EA | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Flow Rate | CMM | 210*2 @1000rpm | 210*2 @1000rpm | 210*4 @1000rpm | 210*4 @1000rpm |
| tor power | W | 900*2 | 900*2 | 900*4 | 900*4 |
| | - | EEV | EEV | EEV | EEV |
| | kg | 520 | 520 | 990 | 990 |
| | mm | 765 | 765 | 1528 | 1528 |
| | mm | 2293 | 2293 | 2293 | 2293 |
| | mm | 2154 | 2154 | 2154 | 2154 |
| | m²/RT | 0.089 | 0.078 | 0.102 | 0.089 |
| h/Low Pressure | - | 0.003 | 0.070 | 0.102 | 0.003 |
| ti Frost | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 11 1031 | - | Modbus | Modbus | Modbus | Modbus |
| worling | | | | | 50.0mm ² ×5C |
| | | | | | 50.0mm²×5C |
| | | | | | 30~55 |
| | _ | | | | |
| | | | | | -15~48 |
| | | | | | -30~35 |
| | A | 60 | | | 125 |
| wer Line oling ating oling ating ating aker Capacity R | Range | mm² | °C 5-20 °C 30-55 °C -15-48 °C -30-35 A 60 | °C 5~20 5~20 °C 30~55 30~55 °C -15~48 -15~48 °C -30~35 -30~35 A 60 60 | °C 5~20 5~20 5~20 °C 30~55 30~55 30~55 °C -15~48 -15~48 -15~48 °C -30~35 -30~35 -30~35 A 60 60 125 |

- 1. Due to our policy of innovation some specifications may be changed without prior notification
- 2. Capacities and Inputs are based on the following conditions

 - Cooling: Outdoor air temp. 35 °C, Water inlet temp. 12 °C, Water Outlet temp. 7 °C Heating: Outdoor air temp. 7 °C, Water inlet temp. 40 °C, Water Outlet temp. 45 °C
- 3. This product contains fluorinated greenhouse gases (R410A, GWP (Global warning potential): 2 087.5)
 - t- CO₂ eq = F-gas (kg) x GWP / 1 000

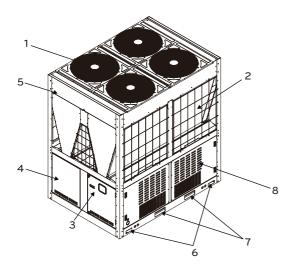
| Inverter Scroll Chiller | | Model | ACHH045LBAB | ACHH050LBAB | ACHH060LBAB | ACHH067LBAB | |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | Similer | | H/P | H/P | H/P | H/P | |
| Power | | Phase,Lines,V | 3,4,380~415 | 3,4,380~415 | 3,4,380~415 | 3,4,380~415 | |
| | Cooling | kW | 148.0 | 171.0 | 195.0 | 222.0 | |
| Capacity | Cooming | RT | 42.1 | 48.6 | 55.4 | 63.1 | |
| oup a only | Heating | kW | 164.0 | 180.0 | 210.9 | 246.0 | |
| | | RT | 47 | 51 | 60 | 70 | |
| Input Power | Cooling | kW | 54.8 | 55.2 | 66.6 | 82.2 | |
| | Heating | kW | 54.7 | 52.9 | 64.9 | 82.0 | |
| Max operating | | Α | 96 | 108 | 117 | 144 | |
| Efficiency | Cooling | W/W | 2.70 | 3.10 | 2.93 | 2.70 | |
| | Heating | W/W | 3.00 | 3.40 | 3.25 | 3.00 | |
| SEER | | W/W | 4.20 | 4.50 | 4.40 | 4.20 | |
| SCOP | | W/W | 3.30 | 3.30 | 3.30 | 3.30 | |
| Sound Pressur | | dBA | 68 | 68 | 68 | 68 | |
| Sound power | Cooling | dBA | 91 | 88 | 90 | 92 | |
| count ponor | Heating | · | 93 | 88 | 91 | 92 | |
| | Туре | - | Scroll | Scroll | Scroll | Scroll | |
| | No. of Compressor | EA | 4 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| Compressor | Oil Type | - | PVE | PVE | PVE | PVE | |
| | Oil charge | CC | 1400*4 | 1400*6 | 1400*6 | 1400*6 | |
| | Sump Heater | W | 60*4 | 60*6 | 60*6 | 60*6 | |
| | Туре | - | R410A | R410A | R410A | R410A | |
| Refrigrant | Amout of Charged | Kg | 7.0 kg X 4 | 7.0 kg X 6 | 7.0 kg X 6 | 7.0 kg X 6 | |
| rtorrigitant | GWP | - | 2087.5 | 2087.5 | 2087.5 | 2087.5 | |
| | t-CO2eq | - | 58.45 | 87.68 | 87.68 | 87.68 | |
| | Туре | - | plate | plate | plate | plate | |
| | Pressure drop | kPa | 28.7 | 18.7 | 21.5 | 28.7 | |
| Evaporator | Operating maxium pressure (Refrigrant / Water) | kg/cm ² | 42/10 | 42/10 | 42/10 | 42/10 | |
| ., | Standard Flow (Cooling/Heating) | LPM | 411/470 | 491/518 | 558/600 | 617/705 | |
| | Inlet/Outlet diameter (Water pipe) | mm | 65A/65A | 65A/65A | 65A/65A | 65A/65A | |
| | Туре | - | BLDC | BLDC | BLDC | BLDC | |
| | No. of Fan | EA | 4 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| Fan motor | No. of Vanes | EA | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| | Air Flow Rate | CMM | 210*4 @1000rpm | | 210*6 @1000rpm | | |
| | Motor power | W | 900*4 | 900*6 | 900*6 | 900*6 | |
| Expension unit | | - | EEV | EEV | EEV | EEV | |
| Weight | T | kg | 990 | 1430 | 1430 | 1430 | |
| | W | mm | 1528 | 2291 | 2291 | 2291 | |
| Dimension | Н | mm | 2293 | 2293 | 2293 | 2293 | |
| | D | mm | 2154 | 2154 | 2154 | 2154 | |
| Footprint | T | m²/RT | 0.078 | 0.101 | 0.089 | 0.078 | |
| Protection | High/Low Pressure | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Devices | Anti Frost | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Remote Control | | - | Modbus | Modbus | Modbus | Modbus | |
| Power | Power Line | mm² | 50.0mm ² ×5C | 95.0mm ² ×5C | 95.0mm ² ×5C | 95.0mm ² ×5C | |
| Outlet | Cooling | °C | 5~20 | 5~20 | 5~20 | 5~20 | |
| Temperature | Heating | °C | 30~55 | 30~55 | 30~55 | 30~55 | |
| Ambient Tem- | Cooling | °C | -15~48 | -15~48 | -15~48 | -15~48 | |
| perature | Heating | °C | -30~35 | -30~35 | -30~35 | -30~35 | |
| Earth Leakage | | А | 125 | 200 | 200 | 200 | |
| Guaranteed Lo | ad Capacity Range | | 20 % ~ 100 % | | | | |

Notes:

- 1. Due to our policy of innovation some specifications may be changed without prior notification
- 2. Capacities and Inputs are based on the following conditions Cooling: Outdoor air temp. 35 °C, Water inlet temp. 12 °C, Water Outlet temp. 7 °C
- 3. This product contains fluorinated greenhouse gases (R410A, GWP (Global warning potential) : 2 087.5) t- CO_2 eq = F-gas (kg) x GWP / 1 000

Product configuration

This chiller model is configured as shown below.



Legend

- 1. Fan motor
- 2. Fin & tube heat exchanger
- 3. Main Controller box
- 4. Sub Controller box
- 5. Condenser cover
- 6. Rope support
- 7. Forklift groove
- 8. Side cover

Cooling cycle

ACHH Series uses the high pressure type scroll compressor, and the suction gas part is separated from the high pressure discharge part and the motor is installed on the low pressure gas part. Space for motor and storage for refrigerant is secured in the low pressure gas part to increase the reliability for the liquid compression.

Because the sucked refrigerant gas cools the motor and flows to the compressor, separate cooling device to cool the compressor is not required. Inside the system, oil to lubricate the compressor is mixed with the refrigerant to discharge both the oil and refrigerant during the operation. Because the oil discharged from the compressor can reduce the heat transfer efficiency when thick layer is built up on the inner walls of the condenser and evaporator, device to prevent the refrigerant and oil to be discharged together is added to prevent this issue.

This lubrication system ensures longer life for the compressor, improves the sealing of the compression space and provides low noise operation.

As the air cooled fin and tube type heat exchanger, the condenser is composed of heat exchanger in V shape, and the electronic expansion valve is used for efficient control in all load conditions. The controller used in the chiller is exclusively for LG and monitors various sensors installed on the product to protect the product.

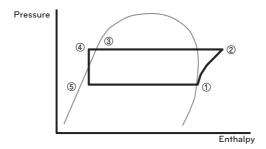
For continuous supply of cold and hot water, the product is equipped with maximum continuous operational function and also provides precision control to supply accurate target amount of cold and hot water.

But the protective devices will immediately stop the product when the product reaches abnormal condition or area limit.

In case of an issue, the controller of the chiller will provide helpful diagnostic message to the administrator.

Description of cooling cycle

The cooling cycle of ACHH Series can be described using the following Pressure – Enthalpy chart.



Lubrication system

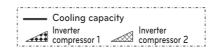
Oil is efficiently separated inside the scroll compressor and even when the cycle operates, most of the oil remains inside the scroll compressor. Only part of the oil will be mixed with the refrigerant to be circulated within the cycle.

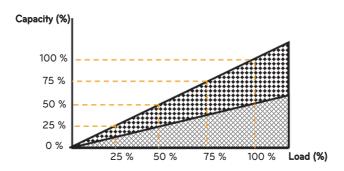
Partial load operation

Each cooling cycle operates independently and 1 cooling cycle is composed of 2 inverter compressor as shown below.

2 Inverter compressors increase the RPM after staring to operate to gradually increase the cooling capacity.

The user can operate the product smoothly at optimal condition by setting the cooling capacity based on the linear control of LG Chiller Controller and the product has efficient partial load performance at any load.

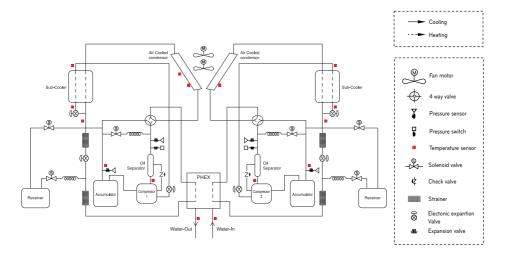




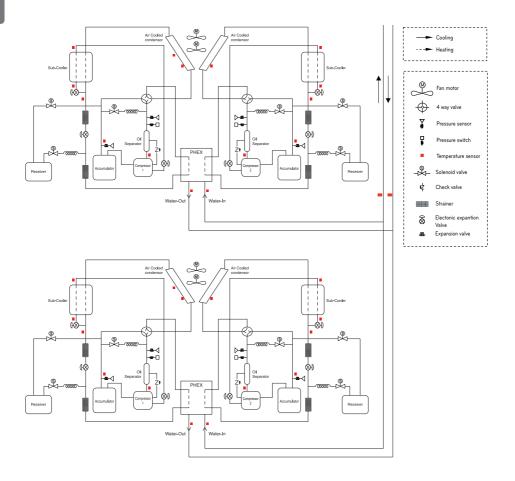
Cycle configuration and sensor location

This chiller model is configured as shown below.

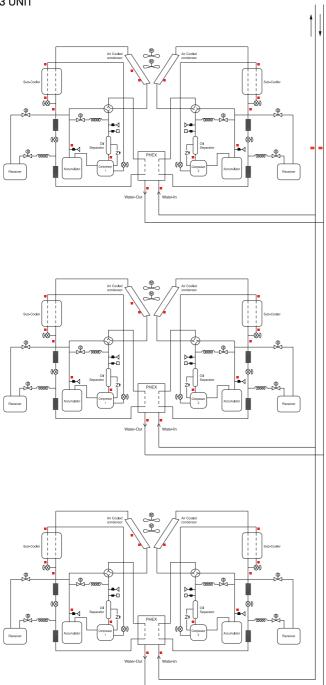
1 UNIT

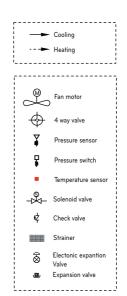


2 UNIT



3 UNIT





List of safety device and setting

| No. | Safety device | Setting | Function |
|-----|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | High pressure switch | 3.8 MPa | Stops operation of the module when the pressure is above the setting |
| 2 | Fuse | 250 V 5 A (Main) 250 V 15 A (INV) | Disconnects current when it exceeds the normal value |
| 3 | Compressor circuit breaker | 35 A | Measures and stops over-current per compressor |
| 4 | Fan motor circuit breaker | 7 A | Measures and stops over-current per motor |
| 5 | Discharge tem- perature sensor | 110 °C | Stops compressor in stages |
| 6 | High pressure sensor | 3 801 KPa | Starts protective operation control to reduce the cycle pressure |
| 7 | Low pressure sensor | 0.22 MPa | Starts protective operation control to raise the cycle pressure |
| 8 | Water pipe tem- perature sensor | Off:3°C | Prevent evaporator from freezing |
| 9 | Reverse phase detector | - | Compares the current of each phase and stops when it is in reverse phase |
| 10 | Liquid compres- sor prevention | 1 | Discharge over-heating level goes up to prevent liquid compression |
| 11 | Compressor ratio limit | 9 | Compressor frequency is reduced when operating at high compression ratio to prevent the internal parts within the compressor from being damaged |

Operation range and limit

The following table shows the operation range of the product. Do not operate the product exceeding the following operation range.

H/P

| | Voltage | | V | 342~457 |
|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|----|------------|
| | Cold water inlet temp | perature | °C | 8 or above |
| | Cold water outlet tem | perature | °C | 5 ~ 20 |
| Operation range | Heat water inlet temp | perature | °C | 25 ~ 52 |
| lango | Heat water outlet tem | perature | °C | 30 ~ 55 |
| | Outdoor toppoparatura | Cooling | °C | -15 ~ 48 |
| | Outdoor temperature | Heating | °C | -30 ~ 35 |

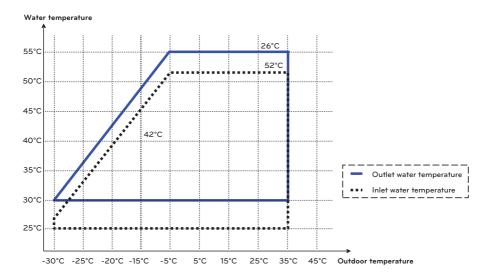
- (1) Product performance range at rated condition is 20-100 %.
 - Cooling rate condition: Outdoor temperature 35 °C, Water inlet temp. 12 °C. Water Outlet temp. 7 °C
 - Heating rate condition: Outdoor temperature 7 °C, Water inlet temp. 40 °C. Water Outlet temp. 45 °C
- (2) When running heating operating with outdoor temperature is less than 7 °C, Inlet water temperature must be at least 20 °C.

C/O

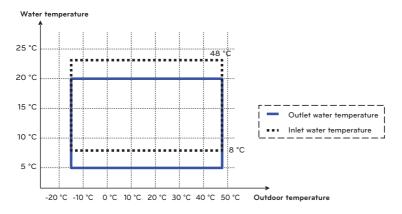
| | Voltage | | V | 342~457 |
|-----------|-----------------------|----------|----|------------|
| Operation | Cold water inlet temp | erature | °C | 8 or above |
| range | Cold water outlet tem | perature | °C | 5 ~ 20 |
| | Outdoor temperature | Cooling | °C | -15 ~ 48 |

- (1) Product performance range at rated condition is 20-100 %.
 - Cooling rate condition: Outdoor temperature 35 °C, Water inlet temp. 12 °C. Water Outlet temp. 7 °C

Operation range of heating mode



Operation range of cooling mode



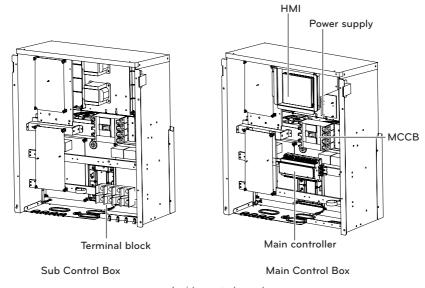
CAUTION

When running cooling operation with outdoor temperature is less than -10 °C, depending on inlet temperature, the product does not operate normally, or can take a long time for running. In this case, Please running operation After raising the inlet temperature by circulating load

Please add antifreeze when operating at ambient temperature less than 5 °C. (There is a risk of freeze.)

CONTROL

Control panel configuration

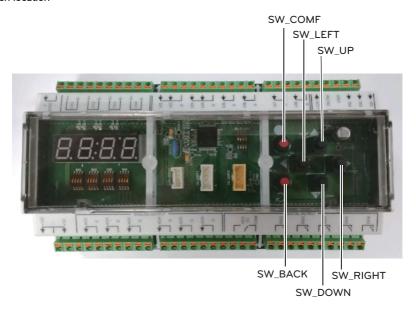


<Inside control panel>

- HMI (Human Machine Interface) This is for basic product setting and command, and shows the information of product and each cycle.
- Main controller This controls the input/output port and the communication with each cycle.
- Power supply This supplies the power to the HMI.
- MCCB (Molded Case Circuit Breaker) This shuts off the overcurrent.
- Terminal block This is the terminal block that receives the main power externally.

Chiller controller rotary, dip switch setting

Switch location



| Name | Description |
|----------|-----------------------------|
| SW_RIGHT | Changes the setting. |
| SW_UP | Moves the screen. |
| SW_LEFT | Changes the setting. |
| SW_DOWN | Moves the screen. |
| SW_COMF | Sets the selected function. |
| SW_BACK | Moves to the previous step. |

Chiller Controller includes the buttons described above so that the following functions are available for setting without HMI.

Option Setting

Press SW_COMF Button to move to O Level Setting Screen.





<Button>

Press Up or Down (▲ ▼) Button to go to a desired function.

If the desired function shows, press SW_COMF Button.

Then, the Screen moves to 1 Level Setting.

Press Left or Right (◀▶) Buttons to go to a desired function. And Press SW_COMF Button to set the function.

To go to the previous, press SW_BACK Button.

| | Description | Scree | en Disp | lays(0 l | _evel) | Screen Displays(1 Level) | | | |
|----|------------------------------|-------|---------|----------|--------|--------------------------|-----|---|---|
| 1 | C: 1/C: | | O P | F | R | | R | U | Ν |
| ' | Start/Stop | | Г | | n | S | Т | 0 | Р |
| 2 | Cooling/Heating | С | Y | С | | Н | E | Α | Т |
| | Cooling/Heating | | ı | C | | С | 0 | 0 | L |
| 3 | Cooling setpoint temperature | С | - | Т | E | | | | 7 |
| 4 | Heating setpoint temperature | Н | - | Т | E | | | 4 | 5 |
| 5 | Load outflow Temperature | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Y | | | | L | 0 | С |
| 6 | Control Mode | S | | S | 1 | D | - 1 | S | Т |
| | | | | | | S | С | Н | Е |
| 7 | Remote Mode | S | Y | S | 2 | С | 0 | N | Т |
| | hemote Mode | 3 | | 3 | | | В | U | S |
| 8 | Central Control Address | А | D | D | R | | | | 1 |
| 9 | Maximum Operation Frequency | Н | - 1 | - | R | | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 10 | Consoits of product | Н | Р | 4 | 0 | | | | |
| 10 | Capacity of product | С | 0 | 4 | 0 | | | | |
| 11 | Version | | | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| 11 | version | S | V | 1 | 0 | | | | |

| Description | Screen Display (1 Level) | Detail Description |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Start/Stop | RUN /STOP | Set RUN to operate the product and STOP to stop the operation. |
| Cooling/Heating | HEAT/COOL | Sets the product's Cooling/Heating Operation Mode. COOL selects Cooling Mode and HEAT selects Heating Mode. |
| Cooling setpoint temperature | 7 | Sets Cooling Target Temperature. (5 °C~ 20 °C) |
| Heating setpoint temperature | 45 | Sets Heating Target Temperature.(30 °C~ 55 °C) |
| Load outflow water Temperature | - | Shows the temperature value of Load outflow water. (Specified in 0 Level) |
| Control Mode | LOC/DIST/SCHE | Set's the product's Control Mode. In LOC, the product control is available with HMI and Chiller Controller. DIST refers Remote Control Mode. In SCHE, the product is controlled following the schedule set at HMI. |
| Remote Mode | CONT/BUS | Sets how to set in Remote Mode. CONT enables the product's operation mode by simple switch contacts. BUS enables the control on the entire product through communication from other communication devices. |
| Central Control Address | 1 | The product address can be set for communication with other communication devices. The address can be set by selecting values from 1-247. |
| Maximum Operation Frequency | 110 | Sets the Maximum Operation Frequency.(70 Hz~130 Hz) |
| Capacity of product | - | Shows the current Capacity of product. (Specifies in 0 Level) |
| Version | - | Shows the program information of Chiller Controller installed in the current product as Version. Version information is subjected to change for improvement of the product performance or the quality improvement. (Specifies in 0 Level) |

Freezer address setting

Address setting of product should be set from HMI and Main Controller and if 2 addresses doesn't match each other, HMI communication error will occur.

Main Controller address setting

Press down direction and right direction button (▼▶) at the same time.

When FN01 appears, press SW CONF button.

Select desired address using left and right button (◀▶) and address will be set if press SW_CONF button. If you don't want, please press SW_CONF button.

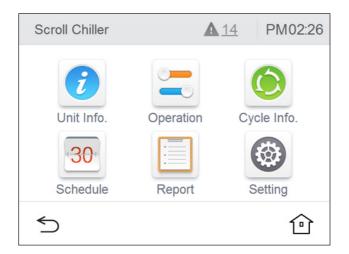
| | Description | Screen Displays(0 Lever) | | | | Screen Displays(1 Lever) | | | |
|---|-----------------|--------------------------|---|---|---|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| 1 | Chiller Address | F | Ν | 0 | 2 | | | | 1 |



• If Main Controller address doesn't match HMI address, Error will occur. (please refer to control>freezer interlocking control about HMI address setting)

Logging in to HMI

This chapter will explain about the composition of each screen in HMI, detail functions, and operation methods. When power is applied to HMI, HMI automatically operates. When HMI starts, Home screen appears.





When HMI is installed indoors, the guaranteed communication distance is 500 m.

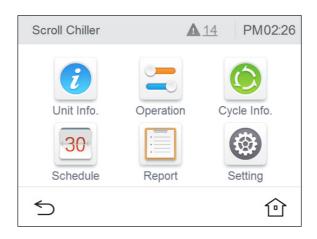
- Guaranteed communication distance of HMI: 500 m (But, when connected indoor, the end resistance (100-200 Ω) must be installed at the terminal connected to HMI for smooth communication. In this case, if the installation location of the Unit is different from that of HMI, the maximum permitted connection distance of the communication cable between the two locations is displayed.)

Introduction to HMI menu

This chapter describes the HMI menus to know to operate the product and how the screen is configured.

HMI main screen configuration

After logging in to HMI, the system view screen that shows the common information of the product is displayed as shown below.



| Icon | Description |
|------|---|
| | You can see the load water temperature, pump/flow amount status, and system information. |
| | It sets the Start/Stop, Set Temperature, Operation Mode (Only for Heat- pump Model), Control Mode, and Max. Operating Frequency are set. |
| | It checks the individual cycle's operation information. |
| *30* | It checks the set schedule. |
| | It checks the occurred error history. |
| | It sets the installer setting, screen setting, and system setting. |
| 5 | It returns to the previous menu. |
| Û | Home screen appears. |

View chiller information

Chiller information is composed of the load water temperature, pump/flow amount status, and system information.

• Load water temperature screen

| Unit Info. | | |
|------------------|-------|-----|
| Load Water Temp. | | |
| E.W.T | 0.0°C | |
| L.W.T | 0.0°C | 1/3 |
| | | |
| | | ~ |

| Icon | Description |
|-------|--|
| E.W.T | It shows the common load entering water temperature value. |
| L.W.T | It shows the common load leaving water temperature value. |

• Pump/flow amount status screen

| Unit Info. | | |
|--------------------|------------|-----|
| Pump / Flow Status | Load Water | |
| Pump Output | OFF | |
| Pump Interlock | OFF | 2/3 |
| Flow Switch | OFF | J |
| Capacity | 20RT | ~ |

| Icon | Description |
|----------------|---|
| | If it is in operation, it always maintains ON, and when the product operation is stopped, the freeze and burst mode is applied, and the freeze and burst prevention mode operates as follows. |
| | According to the outdoor air temperature condition, the load water pump repeats operation ON and OFF. |
| | Outdoor air temperature < 1 °C → always "ON" |
| Pump Output | 1 °C \leq outdoor air temperature $<$ 5 °C \rightarrow 2 min. operation and 18 min. stop |
| | Outdoor air temperature \geq 5 °C \rightarrow operation "OFF" |
| | The freeze and burst prevention mode is possible when the pump is connected, and to interface with the pump, Pump Output connect shall be connected, and to check whether the pump operates, Pump Interlock connector shall be connected. (For the connector connection method, refer to the connection diagram.) |
| Pump Interlock | It receives the status of the load water pump output through the external signal contact point of the pump. |
| | (When the product is in operation, the pump output shall maintain "ON" state, and otherwise, alarm will occur.) |
| Flow Switch | It shows the current load water's flow amount switch status value. |
| | (When the product is in operation, the pump output shall maintain "ON" state, and otherwise, alarm will occur.) |
| Capacity | It shows the capacity of the device. |

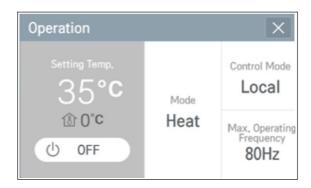
• System information screen

| Unit Info. | | |
|--------------------|--------|-----|
| System Information | | |
| Setting Temp. | 25.5°C | |
| Outdoor Temp. | 0.0°C | 3/3 |
| Operation Current | 0A | |
| Starting Delay | 0sec | ~ |

| Icon | Description |
|-------------------|--|
| Setting Temp. | It shows the set temperature for the current operation mode. |
| Outdoor Temp. | It shows the current outdoor air temperature value. |
| Operation Current | It shows the operation compressor's overall operation current value. |
| Starting Delay | It shows the time of the standby state before starting the product. |

Chiller control

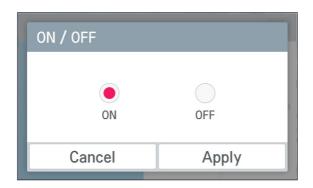
Chiller control sets the Start/Stop, Set Temperature, Operation Mode (Only for Heatpump Model), Control Mode, and Max. Operating Frequency.



| Icon | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| () ON | It selects the start and stop signal command of the product. |
| Setting Temp. | It sets the target temperature value for the current operation mode. (Cooling: 5.0~20.0 °C, heating: 30.0~55.0 °C) |
| () ON | It sets the cooling/heating operation mode. |
| Control Mode Local | It selects the control mode of the signal command method for the product control. |
| Max. Operating Frequency 80Hz | Max. Operating Frequency is the feature to save the energy by limiting the operation capacity up to the frequency set by the user. (Setting Range : 70Hz ~ 130Hz) The standard set value for the Max. Operating Frequency is 120 Hz. The setting unit for the Max. Operating Frequency is 10 Hz. |

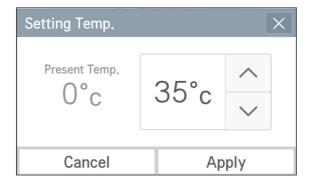
ON/OFF

When you touch the ON button, a popup window to select ON/OFF is displayed.



Setting temperature

If you touch the area where the chiller control's set temperature is displayed, a popup window to input the setting temperature is displayed.



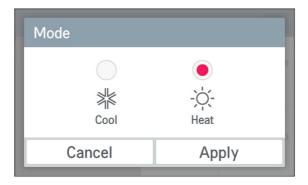
In the temperature setting popup window, you can change the temperature with up/down arrow input, and if you touch the temperature setting display area, you can input the setting temperature input with numeric keyboard.

| | 12 | 2 | × |
|----|----|---|------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | - |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | |
| 7 | 8 | 9 | × |
| EN | 0 | | Done |

After changing the temperature setting, if you press Apply, the set value is reflected, and if you press Cancel, the previous setting is maintained.

Operation mode

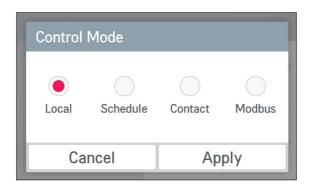
If you touch the chiller control's operation mode area, a popup window to set the operation mode is displayed.



After changing the operation mode, if you press Apply, the set value is reflected, and if you press Cancel, the previous setting is maintained.

Control mode

If you touch the chiller control's control mode area, a popup window to set the control mode is displayed.



After selecting the desired control mode, if you press Apply, the selected control mode is applied, and if you press Cancel, the previous setting is maintained.

| Icon | Description |
|----------|---|
| Local | Manual control mode through HMI |
| Schedule | If the schedule mode is set, manual and remote control are not possible, and only the start/stop by the schedule is possible. |
| Contact | ON/OFF is only possible by the chiller controller's "Remote Start" signal. |
| Modbus | ON/OFF is only possible by the external MODBUS communication. |

♠ CAUTION

If the product enters the modbus remote mode, all the information can only be monitored via HMI, and the actual operation of starting/stopping or changing the set temperature can only be done through the external controller.

To make changes to control from HMI, change the control mode to "Local".



CAUTION

CH10009 remote communication error will occur when the communication is disconnected between the two controllers. When the communication is recovered, it will automatically resume. If the remote modbus connection is not used, reset the power of the main PCB of the unit to cancel the alarm.

The protocol details provided for modbus interlock of external device are as follows.

- Physical Layer: RS-485 Serial Line - Mode: MODBUS RTU Mode

- Baud Rate: 9 600 - Parity : None Parity

- 1 Stop Bit

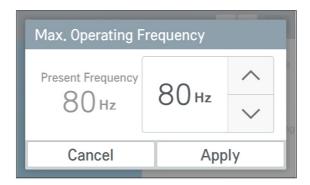
- Applied Function Code

| Function Code | Sub Function | Sub Function Function Name | |
|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 0x01 | None | Read Coil Register | Address-1 |
| 0x02 | None | Read Discrete Input | Register Address-10001 |
| 0x03 | None | Read Holding | Register Address-40001 |
| 0x04 | None | Read Input | Register Address-30001 |
| 0x05 | None | Write Single Coil | Register Address-1 |
| 0x06 | None | Write Single Holding | Register Address-40001 |
| 0xF1~FF | Reserved for Exception Code | | |

Refer to the modbus protocol in the Appendix for the protocols provided.

• Max. Operating Frequency

If you touch the Max. Operating Frequency area, a popup window to input the Max. Operating Frequency is displayed.



The Max. Operating Frequency can be adjusted by pressing Up/Down arrows in the popup window for the Max. Operating Frequency.

Cycle information screen composition

To enter the cycle information screen, press the cycle information button in Home screen.



| Icon Description | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Cycle #1 ▼ | It shows the currently selected cycle. |
| Info. ▼ | You can select the cycle information and the cycle temperature. |
| 4-Way Valve | It shows the status value of the 4-way valve during the cooling/heating switching. (It is the item that is displayed only in the cooling/heating combined model.) |
| Subcooling Bypass Valve | It shows the status of the over-cooling bypass valve. |
| Inverter Comp #1 | It shows the current operation status of No. 1 inverter compressor. |
| Inverter Comp #2 | It shows the current operation status of No. 2 inverter compressor. |

| Cycle #1 | → Info. | + | |
|---------------------|---------|----------|-----|
| Cycle InfoChiller 1 | А | В | |
| Inverter Comp. | 0Hz | 0Hz | |
| EEV status | 0pls | 0pls | 2/3 |
| High Pressure | 0kPa | 0kPa | |
| Low Pressure | 0kPa | 0kPa | ~ |

| Icon | Description |
|---|--|
| Comp. Frequency It shows the inverter compressor's operation frequency value. | |
| EEV status | It shows the current EEV pulse signal value. |
| High Pressure | It shows the current high pressure value. |
| Low Pressure | It shows the current low pressure value. |



• Cycle temperature

| Cycle #1 ▼ | Temp. | - (| > |
|---------------------|-------|------------|---|
| Cycle TempChiller 1 | А | В | |
| Load W | 0.1°C | 0°C | |
| Load Source. | 0.1°C | 0.0°C | 1 |
| Sat. Condensing | 0°C | 0.0°C | |
| Sat. Evaporating | 0.0°C | 0.0°C | ~ |

| Icon | Description |
|---|--|
| Load L.W It shows the corresponding cycle's load leaving water temperature value. | |
| Sat. Condensing | It shows the corresponding cycle's saturated condensing temperature value. |
| Sat. Evaporating | It shows the corresponding cycle's evaporation temperature value. |
| Liquid pipe | It shows the corresponding cycle's liquid pipe temperature value. |

| Cycle #1 ▼ | Temp. | ~ | > |
|---------------------|--------|----------|----|
| Cycle TempChiller 1 | А | В | |
| Discharge | 23.5°C | 23.5°C | ĹÙ |
| Suction | 23.5°C | 23.5°C | 2 |
| Hex Temp | 23.5°C | 23.5°C | |
| Liquid Temp | 23.5°C | 23.5°C | ~ |

| Icon Description | | |
|--|--|--|
| HEX. | It shows the cycle's HEX temperature value. | |
| Suction It shows the corresponding cycle compressor's average suction temperature value. | | |
| Comp. #1 Discharge | It shows the inverter compressor No. 1 compressor's discharge temperature value. | |
| Comp. #2 Discharge | It shows the inverter compressor No. 2 compressor's discharge temperature value. | |

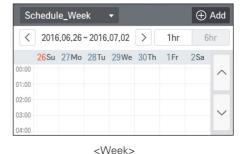
Introduction to schedule menu

This chapter describes the schedule menu and screen composition that you need to know to operate the schedule of the product.

View schedule screen

In Home screen, if you press the schedule icon, the schedule screen appears.





<Month>



<List>

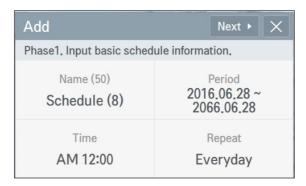
| Icon | Description |
|------------------|--|
| Schedule_Month ▼ | You can check the monthly set schedule at a glance. |
| Schedule_Week ▼ | You can check the start time of the schedule and the set operation mode. |
| Schedule_List ▼ | You can check the set schedule in a list. |

Add schedule

1. In the schedule viewing screen, press Schedule_Month > button at the top right side.

| Schedule_Month ▼ ⊕ Add | | | | | Add | | |
|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Sun | Mon | Tue | Wed | Thu | Fri | Sat | |
| 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 1 | 2 | |
| 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | |
| 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 2016 |
| 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | UI |
| 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | |
| 31 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | |

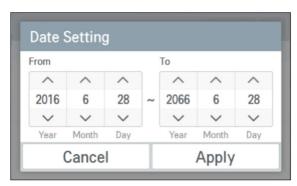
2. As follows, when Add screen appears, input the basic schedule information.



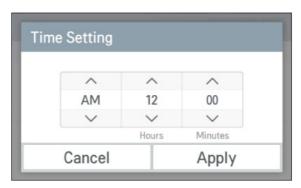
① When you press the name area, a popup window to input the schedule name is displayed. Input the name to use, and press Apply button. If Cancel button is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.



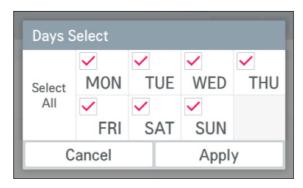
② When you press the date area, a popup window to set the date is displayed. Set the start date and end date to use the schedule operation, and press Apply button. If Cancel button is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.



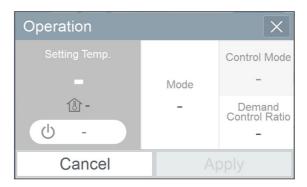
3 When you press the time area, a popup window to set the time is displayed. Set the time to use the schedule operation, and press Apply button. If Cancel button is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.



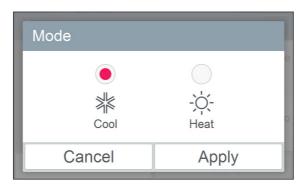
(4) When you press the day of week selection area, a popup window to select day of week is displayed. Select the day of week to use the schedule operation, and press Apply button. If Cancel button is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.



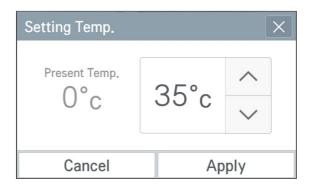
3. After the input of the basic information, if you press Next button, a screen to set the detail information is displayed.



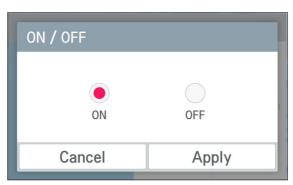
① When you press the mode area, a popup window to select the mode is displayed. Select the operation mode to use the schedule operation, and press Apply button. If Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.



2) When you press the area where the set temperature is displayed, a popup window to input the temperature setting is displayed. Set the temperature to use, and press Apply button. If Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.

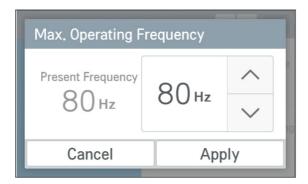


3 When you press the ON/OFF button, a popup window to select ON/OFF is displayed. Decide whether to ON or OFF the schedule operation to use, press the button to use, and press Apply button. If Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.

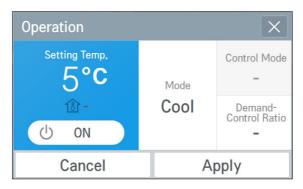


(4) When the Max. Operating Frequency are is touched, the popup window to enter the Max. Operating Frequency opens.

After selecting a value to set, press Apply button. If cancel is pressed, the previous setting is remained.



4. After the input of all detail information, when you press Apply button of the chiller control, the schedule addition is completed. If Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.

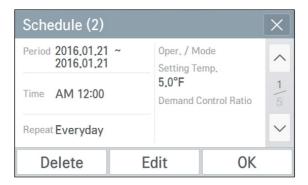


• Edit schedule

1. In View schedule _ List screen, select the schedule to edit.



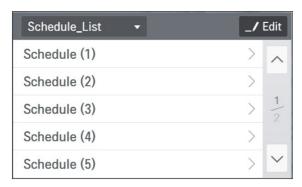
2. When the popup window of the selected schedule is displayed, press the button to work.



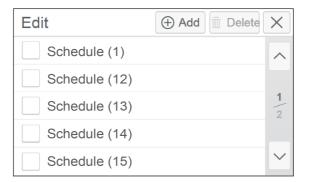
| Icon | Description | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Delete Popup window saying "Do you want to delete the selected schedule?" played, and when you press Apply button, it is deleted from the list. | | | |
| Edit A popup window to edit is displayed, and set with the same method as schedule addition. | | | |
| ОК | It maintains the current setting, and the popup window disappears. | | |

• Schedule list edit

1. In View schedule _ List screen, press __tot button at the top right side.



2. When the screen to edit the list appears, carry out the schedule addition and list deletion work.



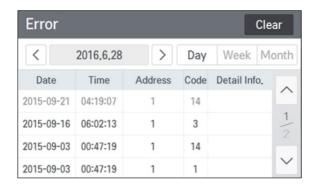
| Icon | Description |
|------------|---|
| ⊕ Add | When Add button is pressed, it moves to the schedule addition screen. |
| iii Delete | When you select a list to delete, Delete button is activated, and when you press Delete button, the selected list is deleted. |

Introduction to record menu

This chapter describes how to check the record of the events that triggers the alarm.

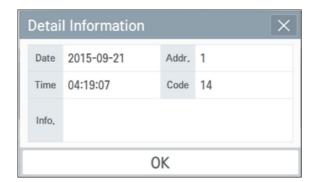
Error screen composition

The occurred error history is stored in the order of the occurred time, and according to the selection, you can check for day, week, and month.



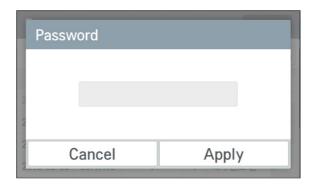
View detail information

When you select a history to view in detail, detail information popup window is displayed. It shows the error occurrence date, time, address, code, and the information of the error code. When you press Confirm, the popup window disappears.

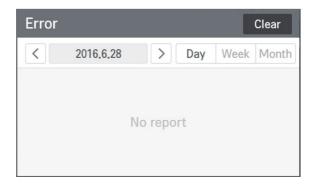


Delete history

When you press dear button at the top right side of Error screen, a popup window to input password is displayed.



Input the password, and when you press Apply button, all error histories will be deleted.



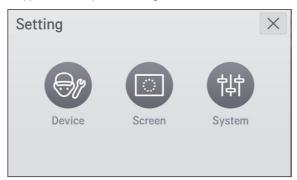
**The clear function is for the service, and the password will not be provided to the customers.

View setting menu

This chapter describes the setting menu's screen and the setting method required for the operation of the product.

Setting screen composition

In Home screen, if you press Setting button, after password input, it enters Setting screen, and the following screen appears. (Initial password: digital21)



Device

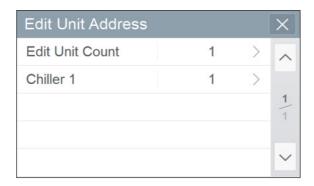
In the setting screen, when you press the device icon, device screen appears.

| Device • | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Edit Unit Address | Cooling Type Low Temp. | System Password | | |
| Temp offset correction | Thermo On offset correction | | | |

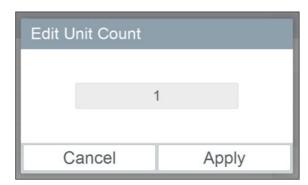
| Icon | Description |
|--|---|
| Edit Unit Address | It sets chiller address and count of chiller units. Initial chiller address and count of chillers is 1. For automatic control (or ACP), MODBUS communication, and HMI interface, if chiller main PCB address is changed, HMI chiller address setting value shall be set as the same as main controller. |
| System Password | It selects whether to change and use password. (Initial password : digital21) |
| Common water out temperature offset correction | It is a function for the service and it is restricted. |
| Thermo On offset correction value | It is a function for the service and it is restricted. |

Edit Unit Address

In the device mode, if you press Edit Unit Address area, the Edit Unit Assress window is displayed.



If you press Edit Unit Count area, a window to set count of chillers appears. Select from 1 to 5, Count of chillers to interface, and press Apply button. If Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.

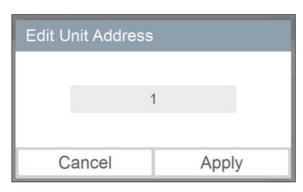


- * Default value is 1, and you can set and use up to 5.
- ₩ Setting product address The product address must be in both main PCB of unit and HMI. If the two addresses are not the same, there will be an error in HMI communication.



If you reset the address in HMI while the product is operating, it will cause a communication error and stop the product. Aiways reset the address after the product has stopped completely.

In Edit unit Address, if you press chiller 1 area, Edit Unit Address window appears. Input the desired address and press Apply button. If Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.



If you select 2 or more unit count, you need to input address for each unit.

Password setting

In the device mode, if you press System Password area, Pasword window is displayed.

1. Do not use password



1) If you press Use ON area, it is changed to Use OFF.



② Select Apply. If Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.

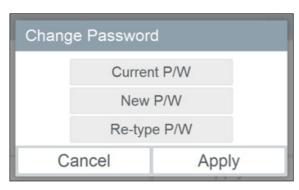


* Default is Use, and if you want to use again, you can press Use OFF, input password, and press Apply. (Initial password: digital21)

2. Password change



① If you press Chang Password area, Change Password window appears.

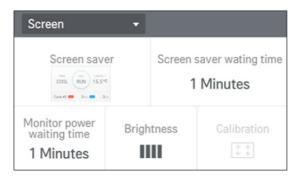


- 2) Input Current P/W, New P/W, and Re-type P/W, and press Apply button.
 - ₩ If you input wrong password for 5, it check whether to initialize the password. If you press Cancel button, password input screen appears again. For password initialization, please contact installation store or service center.



Screen

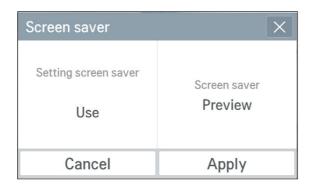
In the setting screen, when you press the screen icon, Screen appears.



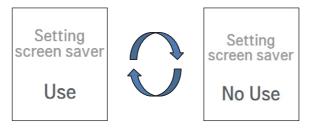
| Icon | Description |
|---|--|
| Screen sour waiting time Screen sour waiting time 1 Minutes Screen sour waiting time 1 Minutes Culturation IIII 1 Minutes | Select whether to use the screen saver. |
| Screen saver waiting time 1 Minutes | It sets the waiting time to display the screen saver. |
| Monitor power waiting time 1 Minutes | It sets the time to change to the minimum brightness of the screen when there is no touch input. |
| Brightness | It adjusts the screen brightness according to the ambient illumination intensity. |

Screen saver

When you press the screen saver area, the screen saver window is displayed.



① Press the area indicating whether to use the screen saver. Whenever you press the area, the selected value is changed.



2 When whether to use the screen saver is selected as Use, the screen saver preview is activated, and when you press the activated area, you can see the set screen saver in advance.



3 When you press Apply button of the screen saver, the selected setting is applied, and if Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.

· Screen saver waiting time

When you press the screen saver standby area, the screen saver standby window is displayed.



After selecting the time to apply, press Apply button. If Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.

Monitor power off

When you press the screen power saving area, the screen power saving window is displayed.



After selecting the time to apply, press Apply button. If Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.

Brightness

When you press the screen brightness area, the screen brightness window is displayed.



After setting the desired brightness by pressing the -and + button at the left/right, press Apply button. If Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained. The screen brightness can be selected among 25 %, 50 %, 75 %, and 100 %.

System (Normal)

When you press the system icon, System screen appears. System is divided to normal and advance.

| System | ▼ Normal | • |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Date 2016.06.28 | Time PM 07:27 | Controller name Scroll Chiller |
| Speaker OFF | Temperature display °F | Language English |

| Icon | Description | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Date | It is the base value of the date recognized by the product, and the date display and the schedule interface date, etc. are operated based on the set date. | |
| 2016.06.28 | | |
| Time | It is the base value of the time recognized by the product, and the time display and the schedule interface time, etc. are operated based on the set time. | |
| PM 07:27 | | |
| Controller name | Input and edit the controller's name, and the applied name is displayed a the top left side of Home screen. | |
| Scroll Chiller | | |
| Speaker | | |
| OFF | It selects whether to use the touch sound. | |
| Temperature display | It selects the unit of the temperature to be displayed on the controller. (°C or °F can be selected) | |
| °F | | |
| Language | It selects the language displayed on the controller. (Korean or English cabe selected) | |
| English | | |

Date

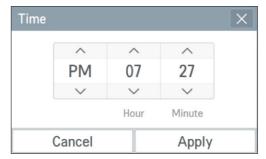
In the System, when you press the date area, a window to set the date is displayed.



After selecting the date to set by pressing up/down button, press Apply button. If Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.

Time

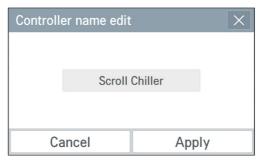
In the System, when you press the time area, a window to set the time is displayed.



After selecting the time to set by pressing up/down button, press Apply button. If Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.

• Controller name edit

In the System, when you press the controller name edit area, a window to edit the controller name is displayed.



After the input of the desired name, press Apply button. If Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.

Speaker

In the System, whenever you press the touch speaker area, it toggles between Use and Do not use. There is no separate Apply button.

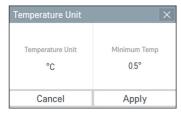






• Temperature unit

In the System, when you press the temperature unit area, a window to change the temperature unit is displayed.







In the screen, when you press temperature unit area, the temperature unit is changed. In Celsius unit, the minimum temperature unit can be selected between 1 °C and 0.5 °C. When you press Apply, the setting is applied, and if Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.

Language

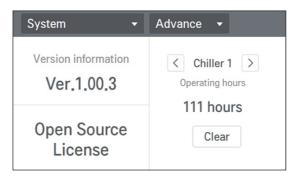
In the System, when you press language setting area, the window to set the language is displayed.



Select the desired language, and press Apply button. If Cancel is pressed, the previous setting is maintained.

System(Advance)

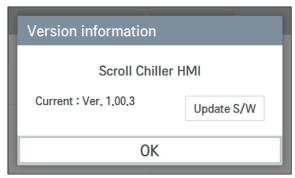
When you press the system icon, the System normal screen is displayed, and when you set Advance, the following screen appears.



| Icon | Description |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Version information Ver.1.00.3 | It shows the software version of the controller. |
| Open Source License | It shows the contents of the open source |
| Operating hours 1 hours Clear | It shows the overall operation time of the product. The clear function is for the service, and the customer usage is restricted. |

Version information

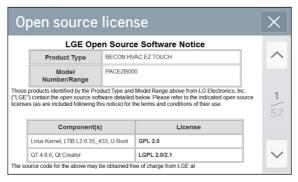
In the System advance screen, when you press Version information area, a popup window to check the version information is displayed.



Check the current version, and when you press OK button, the popup window disappears.

• Open source license

In the System advance screen, when you press Open source license area, you can check the contents of Open source license.



**The clear function is for the service, and the password will not be provided to the customers.

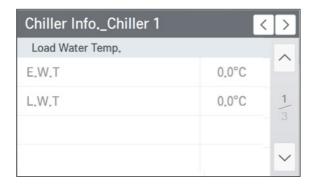
Chiller interface control

This chapter describes about HMI's product interface control.

HMI can control interface to up to 5 products, and you can control and monitor up to 5 products as if it is 1 product. In Device screen, when you enter Edit Unit Address setting, you can set Count of unit and address. For detail setting method, please refer to "Edit Unit Address".

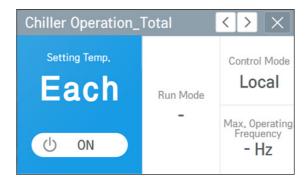
Unit information

If you press left/right direction button \(\subseteq > \), you can check each interfaced chiller information.

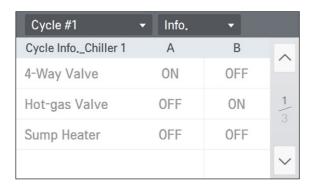


Operation

In Chiller Operation_Total, you can set the same operation condition for all the chillers. For individual control, you can press left/right direction button () for individual control. But, in individual control, you cannot change Control Mode or Run Mode.

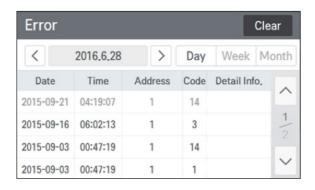


• Cycle information



• Error

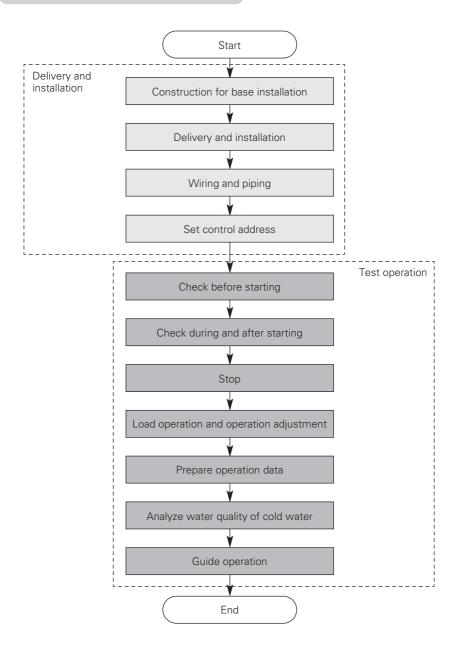
You can check entire history _ error of the interfaced chillers.



* Individual schedule and setting are not supported.

FROM INSTALLATION TO TEST RUN

Flowchart from installation to test run



INSTALLATION

Selecting installation location

Because the user operating the product varies based on the mode setting item of the user setting, set up and operate the product as shown below.

Details to consider when selecting the installation location

Select the location that fits the following conditions to install the product.

- Location without direct heat from other heat source
- Location where noise of the chiller does not have negative impact to the neighbors
- Check the installation direction of the unit for the seasonal wind during the winter. Install the product so that the seasonal wind does not affect only one side of the product.
- Location not exposed to strong winds
- Location that can support the weight of the chiller
- Location with space for air flow and service
- Install the boundary sign, danger sign or barricade, if necessary.
- It is recommended to install a fence around chiller so that people or animals will not be able to access the area.
- When installing the product in areas with high humidity during the winter (Coast, seaside, lakeside), install the product where it is well ventilated and has plenty of exposure to sunlight. (Ex: Roof top with sunlight)
- If the product does not run during the winter, establish a plan to use the anti-freeze for the water supply.
- To prevent the condensed water from flowing, insulate the connected evaporator and pipe.
- To smoothly drain the condensed water, establish an inclined structure.
- Avoid installing the product at locations with the following conditions.
 - Location with corrosive gas such as acid or alkali gas. (Coolant can leak from the corroded pipes.)
 - Location with electromagnetic wave. (It can cause the product to malfunction from defective parts.)
 - Location where flammable gas is generated or flows to prevent fire.
 - Location with high level of carbon fiber or dust
 - Special location exposed to oil, steam or emulsified gas

Precaution for seasonal wind and winter season

In areas with heavy snow or in extremely cold areas, sufficient planning is required for the product to run smoothly.

Even in other areas, planning is required for seasonal wind during the winter season.

• Snow can go into the air discharge outlet of the condenser to freeze inside the chiller. Therefore install a large cover over the chiller for areas with heavy snowfall to prevent the snow from accumulating on the top.

- The chiller can freeze inside when the air inlet is clogged with snow. Therefore install the chiller on the base with at least twice the height of the average snow accumulation. (Default height of base: 300 mm)
- If there is more than 100 mm of snow on top of the chiller, always operate the unit after cleaning the snow.
- Do not install the product where there could be negative impact from snow in areas with heavy snowfall. Decide the installation direction of the chiller so that the side of the air heat exchanger does not face the direction of the snow. (Make the side of the air heat exchanger parallel to the direction of the snowfall.) Install a blocker with the height of the snow accumulation to avoid the snow around the chiller from being
- If the wind comes in one direction of the unit where the seasonal wind is strong, there is a high chance that it can lead to issue with product capacity or imbalance of load. Therefore install the product so that it has consistent effect on the product cycle. If that is not possible, consider using a wind blocker or other devices. In areas with strong seasonal wind during the winter, apply the wind blocker hood, especially near the coastal area, without blocking the suction inlet of the chiller considering the direction of the wind. If the chiller is directly exposed to the seasonal wind during the winter, separately install a wind buffle. (Prepare on site)

WARNING

Regulation for refrigerant leakage

sucked into the coil side. (Prepare on site)

: the amount of refrigerant leakage should satisfy the following equation for human safety.

Total amount of refrigerant in the system $\leq 0.44 \text{ kg/m}^3$ Volume of the room at which Indoor Unit of

the least capacity is installed

(0.028 lbs/ft3)

If the above equation can not be satisfied, then follow the following steps.

- Selection of air conditioning system: select one of the next
 - Installation of effective opening part
 - Reconfirmation of Outdoor Unit capacity and piping length
 - Reduction of the amount of refrigerant
 - Installation of 2 or more security device (alarm for gas leakage)
- Change Indoor Unit type
 - : installation position should be over 2 m (6.6 ft) from the floor (Wall mounted type → Cassette type)
- Adoption of ventilation system
 - : choose ordinary ventilation system or building ventilation system
- Limitation in piping work
 - : Prepare for earthquake and thermal stress

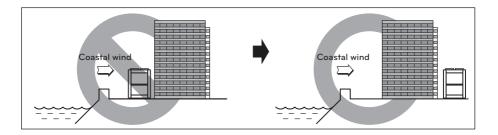
Details to consider when installing on the coast



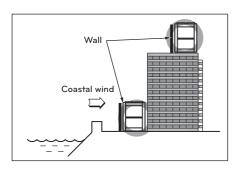
CAUTION

- When installing the chiller near the coast, make sure that it is not directly exposed to the coastal wind.
- When installing the chiller directly exposed to the coastal wind, separate anti-corrosive treatment must be done on the condenser of the chiller.
- * Selecting location of chiller

Install the chiller where the building can block the coastal wind.



If the product has to be installed inevitably facing the coast, install a wall around the outdoor unit.



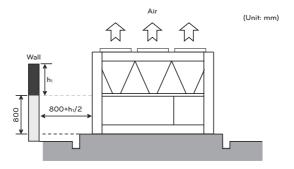
The wall must be made of sufficiently strong material such as concrete to block the coastal wind and must be 1.5 times larger than the size of the product to protect the product 1 000 mm apart. There must be 1 000 mm of clearance between the wall and the chiller for smooth circulation of air

Install the product where the drainage is smooth.

Basic installation space

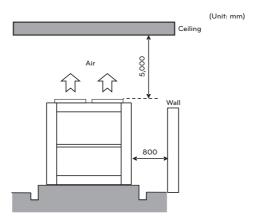
When installing the product, secure minimum space as shown below considering the service, suction and discharge of air flow.

* Consider the ventilation condition. The air cooled chiller must be installed on open space or must have appropriate ventilation. When installed along the wall, there must be sufficient space for ventilation.



Reference

If the side of the chiller is near the wall and the height of the wall is less than 800 mm, the distance between the wall and the chiller must be at least 800 mm. If the side of the chiller is near the wall and the wall is 800 mm or higher, space of half of h1 must additionally be secured on top of the 800 mm for the distance between the wall and the chiller.



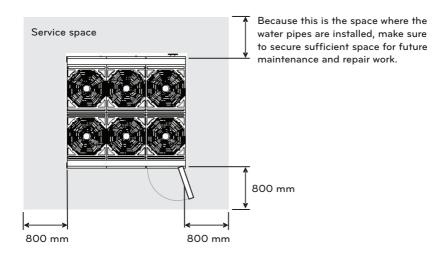
Reference

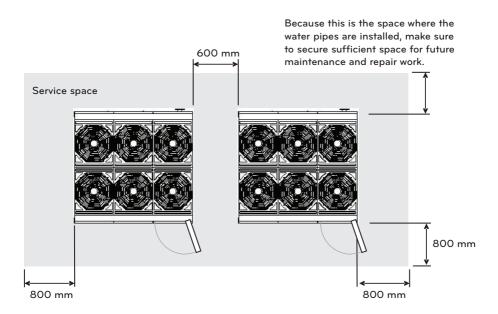
If there is a ceiling on the top part of the chiller, the distance from the chiller to the ceiling must be 5 000 mm or above.

If the front or rear side of the chiller is close to the wall, the distance from the wall to the chiller must be 800 mm or above

Consider the service space.

There must be sufficient space for maintenance and repair work around the chiller.





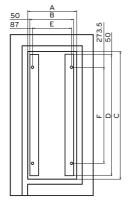
Details to consider when installing the base

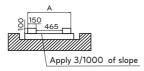
- The base must be able to withstand concentrated load.
- The base must be installed with maximum gradient of 1/300.
- The height of the base must be higher than the surface of the water and drain holes must be installed around.
- Set the height of the base according to the installation environment so that the product is not submersed in water. The default height of the base is 200 mm and it must be at least doubled in areas with double the snowfall of 100 mm or above
- Install the drain pipe in the drain hole. The drainage must be finished so that particles around the drainage do not clog the pipes.
- LG is not responsible for product failure or damage from incorrectly designed or manufactured base.



CAUTION

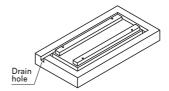
- For the frame, use strong material such as steel angle so that it does not slip from the wind or snow.
- Never install the product so that the suction inlet and the discharge output of the chiller faces the seasonal wind.
- When making the base platform, pay special attention to the strength of support, drainage and direction of pipe and wiring.

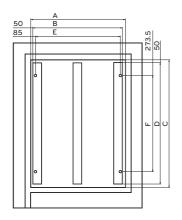


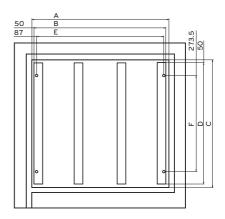


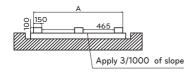
* Location of anchor bolt

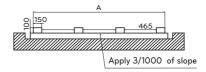
| Classification | 1 UNIT | 2 UNIT | 3 UNIT |
|----------------|--------|--------|--------|
| А | 865 | 1 628 | 2 391 |
| В | 765 | 1 528 | 2 291 |
| С | 2 254 | 2 254 | 2 254 |
| D | 2 154 | 2 154 | 2 154 |
| Е | 691 | 1 456 | 2 217 |
| F | 1 707 | 1 707 | 1 707 |

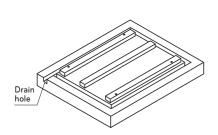


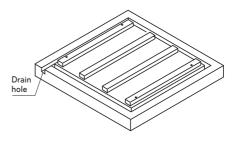












<2 UNIT Drawing of base>

<3 UNIT Drawing of base>

Transportation method and precaution

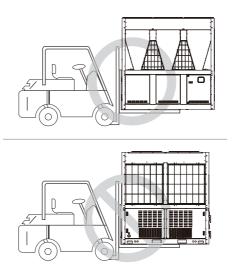
CAUTION

Be very careful when transporting the product.

- When transporting the product, use the forklift or spreader bar and follow the directions in
- Do not touch the heat exchanger pin with bear hands. It is very sharp and can cause an
- Cut and dispose the plastic (vinyl) bag used for packaging so that children do not play with the bags. If not, it can cause suffocation when put over the head.
- Always transport the chiller by supporting 4 points. 3 point support is unstable and the product may fall over.
- When transporting the product with the forklift, be careful not to drop the product.
- Use a long belt at least 8 m long.

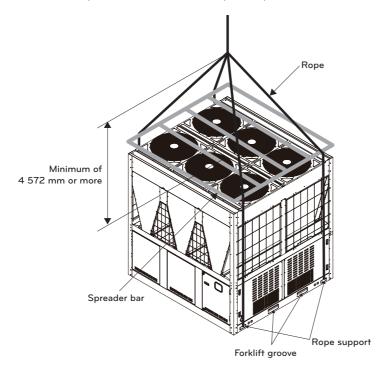
Precaution when moving the forklift

- Level the chiller as much as possible while moving it.
- · When moving the chiller using the forklift, check the weight and use the forklift with the sufficient capacity to handle the weight.
- When moving the chiller using the forklift, check the transportation groove at the bottom of the chiller and use the fork that fits the grooves.
- The forklift cannot lift the product from front or rear side. Always lift the product up from the side where the grooves are to move the product.
- * The side with the control box is the front side.



Precaution when hanging the product

- When moving the chiller, make sure to level the product as much as possible.
- When hanging the chiller, pass the rope through the two supports located at the bottom of the front and rear side.
- Always connect the rope to the 4 supports when lifting up the product so that the impact may not be applied.
- Use the steel spreader bar to use the tension of the ropes to avoid the damage to the product.
- When hanging the chiller, do not tilt the chiller by more than 15 degrees.
- * Spreader bar is the tool to avoid the rope from contacting the product to minimize the damage to the top and the coil.
- Spreader bar is not supplied.
- Spreader bar must be larger than the size of the chiller.
- Even when the spreader bar is close to the top of the product, it must not contact the product.



Storage

If the product must be stored before being installed or used, make sure not to expose the product to dirt and humidity in the construction site. Put a protective cover on the product until it is ready to be installed.

Installing chiller

As soon as the product is delivered, check for any damages. If there are damages, immediately contact the shipper.

Precaution when installing the chiller

- Secure air flow, wiring, piping and sufficient space for service.
- Check whether the surface is flat and can withstand the operating weight and vibration/noise of
 - (For the part to lift up the product, installation and operating weight, refer to the specification, external diagram and basic diagram.)
- Set the device so that the air flow does not get limited to the suction inlet side only.
- Secure sufficient space to provide service and remove the product. (The air flow and service space various based on the model, Refer to the drawing in the Appen-
- Check the base before installing the product and install the product only when there is no issue. If there is any issue, contact the contractor to resolve the issue. (For checkpoints related to the base, check the details when installing the base.)



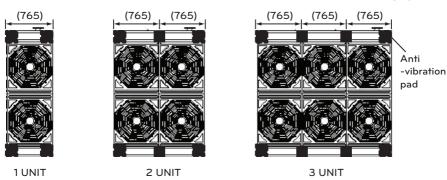
- Install the product where the weight of the chiller can be sufficiently supported. If the product is installed at a location that cannot support the weight, the chiller can fall down to cause an injury.
- Install the chiller so that it does not fall over even from strong wind and earthquake. IF there is any defect in the installed condition, it can fall over to cause an injury.

Installing anti-vibration pad

- Anti-vibration pad is the part to absorb the vibration that occurs during the product operation and must be installed before placing the product on the base. Anti-vibration pad is not provided along with the product and must be supplied on site.
- After installing the anti-vibration pad, loosely tighten the anchor bolts. Tightening the anchor bolts too tightly will reduce the anti-vibration effect.

• Locate the anti-vibration pad shown as below and lay 2 layers of 10 mm or above.

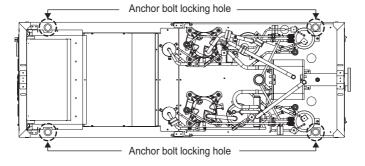
Unit:mm

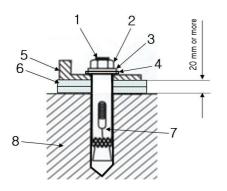


Installing anchor bolt



- Wooden frame at the bottom of the base frame must be removed before tightening the anchor bolts for the chiller.
- When installing the chiller where it is directly affected by the coastal wind, additional anticorrosive treatment must be applied to the condenser.
- Tighten the bolts so that the chiller does not fall over from the earthquake or strong wind as shown below.
- Depending on the installed condition, the vibration can be transferred to the installed part to transfer the noise and vibration to the floor or wall. Therefore make sure to use the anti-vibration
- Anti-vibration spring can be additionally installed on top of the anti-vibration pad. Check the external diagram and the weight of the product to set the specification for the anti-vibration spring.
- When combining multiple chillers, make sure to level the height of each chiller so that the water pipes can be easily connected.
- Use the anchor bolts to firmly fixate the chiller. The anchor bolt must be inserted at least 65 mm.
- Open left/right panel of the chiller, check anchor bolt fixing hole, and lock the anchor bolt so that it makes right angle with the chiller.

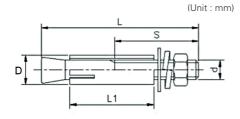




| No. | Name |
|-----|--------------------|
| 1 | Anchor bolt(M16) |
| 2 | Nut |
| 3 | Spring washer |
| 4 | Flat washer |
| 5 | Bottom of product |
| 6 | Anti-vibration pad |
| 7 | Сар |
| 8 | Base surface |

^{*} Above parts are not included in the product.

Shape of anchor bolt



Specification of anchor bolt

| Screw size (d) | L | S | D | L1 | Used drill | Drill depth (mm) | Pull-out load(N) |
|----------------|-----|----|----|----|------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 5/8" (M16) | 125 | 70 | 22 | 65 | 22 | 65 | 42 140 |

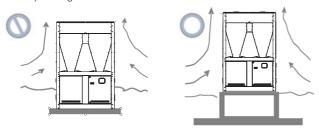
Snow protection

Areas with heavy snowfall require snow protection plan. For the air cooled scroll cooling only chiller, the snow protection plan ensures sufficient performance.

Design of snow protection plan

When establishing the snow protection plan, the fan level from the chiller must be at least to some level.

- If the fan level is below a certain level, it triggers the high pressure limit within the circuit to cause an issue in the operation.
- Because the outdoor unit can be frozen inside due to the clogged air inlet from snow, make the arrangement so that the outdoor unit does not directly contact the inlet and install the hood to avoid the effect of the heavy snow.
- Always install the base so that the chiller can be installed higher than the accumulated snow
 and the default eight of the base is 200 mm. If the snowfall is 100 mm or above, raise the base
 to more than double the height. (300 mm maximum snowfall)
- The height of the base must not exceed the width of the product.
- If there is 100 mm or more snow piled on top of the product, make sure to clean the snow off before operating the chiller.



Installation considering the snow protection

- Do not install the chiller near the edges of the rooftop.
 (Snow can fall down to the chiller and push off the chiller off the roof. If snow is accumulated between the building wall and product, it can cause issues with the product.)
- Raise the base higher than the snow accumulation.
 (Make sure to secure the path near the heat exchanger of the chiller in case of snow)
- Avoid installing the product where the snow is accumulated.



Water pipe connection

Water pipe construction is a very important part of the design or construction of the cooling system. Any defect in any location of the pipe can disable the applicable unit from performing sufficiently. Perform the design and construction considering the check service.

Water pipe system diagram

Water circulation that has temperature difference of 3 °C - 8 °C between the outlet water temperature of the hot and cold water is required. If the water circulation is insufficient, the product will not be able to perform properly and will have negative impact on the life of the product, as well as other issues with the product.

Make sure to secure water circulation in accordance with the specification.

Also even when the water circulation is secured in accordance with the specification, bypass circuit must be installed on the 1st side for the water pipe system of the chiller. Therefore if the water flow is reduced during low load, it can cause issues such as excessive and frequent operation of compressor and freezing during stopped condition or cooling operation.

Water circulation must maintain constant flow as much as possible.

* For the parts used in the cold water pipe system, make sure to use the parts that comply with designed water pressure or higher.

Expansion tank

Expansion tank is the device that discharges the expanded water and at the same time, removes the air within the water pipe circuit.

Set the capacity of the expansion tank to 2-2.5 times of the water expansion amount. (Generally it is 3-5 % of the entire amount within the water pipe circuit.)

Pipe slope and air vent

If air remains within the pipe, the resistance of the water pipe circuit increases or the circulating amount of water is reduced significantly. If air remains in the pump during the operation, it can cause several issues to disable the operation.

Install the air vent valve where there is a chance of air remaining within the entire water pipe circuit and apply 1/200 of slope to the air vent valve side to avoid the air from remaining in the pipe.

Water pipe system diagram

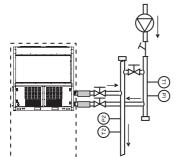
- Connect the pipe so that the entrance of the cold (hot) water pipe is correct.
- Permitted water pressure resistance of cold water pipe system is 1MPa
- To prevent any external heat loss or dew drops forming during the cooling operation on the water pipe system, apply thermal insulation treatment.
- Install the air vent at the output end of the water pipe. (Air vent)
- If the thermometer is installed on the inlet/outlet of the cold/hot water pipe, the operating condition of the chiller can be checked.
- Always install the strainer (50 Mesh or above) that can be cleaned on the water pipe inlet side to filter any alien particles from entering the heat exchanger.
- Always install the strainer on the leveled pipe. (If sand, trash or rust gets mixed to the cold water system, it can cause product failure due to corrosion of metallic parts.)
- Install the on/off valve on the cold water inlet/outlet and bypass pipe on the pipe direction of the device side

- For the pipe system, it is recommended to install the bypass and clean the pipe before installing the product and during the annual pipe cleaning.
- On/Off valve blocks the old water to the chiller that is not operating to reduce the power of the pump. Therefore select whether to install to fit the need of the site.
- Install the pressure gauge and thermometer on the inlet and outlet of the water pipe.
- Always install the flexible joint to reduce the vibration of the pipe and product.
 - Vibration of water pipe system is absorbed to prevent water leakage.
- For the cold water system part, make sure to use the component that complies with designed water pressure or above.
- Before supplying cold water to the chiller, clean inside the pipe system to remove any negative impact of particles to the product.

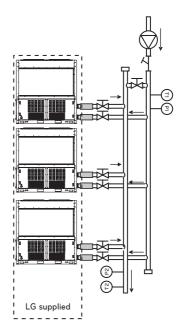
Installation mode A (Recommended method)

* Independent product installation

LG supplied



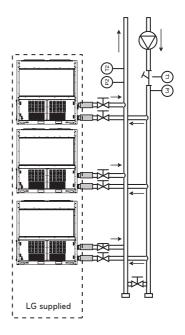
* Independent product installation



| Symbol | Description | Symbol | Description |
|--------------|----------------|------------|---|
| \mathbb{X} | Valve | T1 | Temperature sensor (1: Inlet 2: Outlet) |
| 1 | Strainer | P1 | Pressure gauge (1: Inlet, 2 Outlet) |
| | Flexible joint | \bigcirc | Cold water pump |

Installation mode B

- * Independent product installation
 - LG supplied
- * Independent product installation



| Symbol | Description | Symbol | Description | | | |
|-----------|----------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| \forall | Valve | T1 Temperature sensor (1: Inlet 2: Outle | | | | |
| 14 | Strainer | P1 | Pressure gauge (1: Inlet, 2 Outlet) | | | |
| | Flexible joint | \bigcirc | Cold water pump | | | |

Water pipe connection



CAUTION

- If the winter outdoor temperature is 0 °C or below, take following measures to prevent the pipe from freezing as shown below.
 - If the outdoor temperature is low, the circulation water can freeze to damage the heat exchanger of the product when the product is stopped.
 If there is possibility of damage from low outdoor temperature, operate the pump to prevent the water from freezing.
 - If the product does not operate for a long period of time during the winter season, remove all the circulation water to prevent the damage of heat exchanger and pipe from freezing.
 - Add anti-freeze additive to prevent the circulation water from freezing during the winter season.
- Maintain the cold water flux within the designed flux to ensure appropriate chiller performance and reduce the tube damage from rusting, scaling and corrosion. LG is not responsible for any damage of chiller from poor water quality management or inappropriate processing water.

1 Water pipe installation

- Appropriate pressure of pipe connection is flange connection of 1 MPa or below.
- Size of the water pipe must be the same as that of the product or larger.
- If there is risk of dew drops forming, always install the thermal insulation material on the outlet pipe of the cold water.
- To avoid connected water pipe from creeping from the load, use appropriate hook for support.
- To prevent the pipe connected part from freezing during the winter season, always install the drain valve at the most bottom of the pipe system.
- Cold water inlet pipe is located at the bottom and the outlet pipe is installed on the top.

2 Cold water pump control

- If the cold water pump is not operating for a long period of time or if the anti-freeze liquid is not used as the cold water, the anti-freeze pump control must be installed to prevent the pipe from freezing.
- The vibration of the pump can transfer to the pipe to cause noise indoors. As the plan to prevent the noise from spreading in the pump, install flexible joints at the inlet/outlet and use the anti-vibration amount for the pump support.

3 Cold water management

The water quality of the cold (hot) water is described as follows. The water quality must not fall below the following standard. If so, it can be judged to have risk within relatively short period of time.

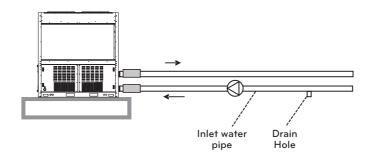
| | 14 | Cold water | | | | |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| ltem - | | Circulation type cold water | Cold water | | | |
| | PH(25 °C) | 6.5 - 8.0 | 6.5 - 8.0 | | | |
| | Conduction rate (25 °C µs/cm) | 500 or below | 200 or below | | | |
| | Alkali level (PPM) | 100 or below | 50 or below | | | |
| | Hardness (PPM) | 100 or below | 50 or below | | | |
| Reference | Chlorine ion (PPM) | 100 or below | 50 or below | | | |
| helefelice | Lactic acid ion (PPM) | 100 or below | 50 or below | | | |
| | Iron (PPM) | 0.1 or below | 0.3 or below | | | |
| | Sulfur ion (PPM) | Not detected | Not detected | | | |
| | Ammonium ion (PPM) | 0.5 or below | 0.2 or below | | | |
| | Silica (PPM) | 50 or below | 30 or below | | | |

Precaution to prevent freezing

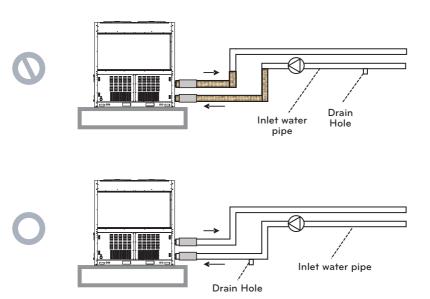
If the product does not run when the outdoor temperature is 0 °C or below during the winter, the water must be drained or anti-freeze additive must be added to prevent the water from freezing.

Input pipe must be installed to be leveled.

The pipe must be leveled and installed so that water does not remain in the inlet pipe connected to the product when draining the water through the drain hole.



If the inlet water pipe is installed in trap structure without being leveled, the water will remain in the inlet water pipe even when the pipe is drained and the inlet water pipe or the part within the chiller can be damaged from freezing. Therefore add a drain hole at the bottom of the pipe as shown below.



Electric specification

| A CLULI | , Unit | | | Power | Power Supply | | COMP | | OFM | |
|---------------|--------------------|------------|------------------|-------|--------------|------|-------|-----|-----|--|
| ACHH/ ACAH | Frequecncy (Hz) | Voltage(V) | Voltage range | MCA | MFA | MSC | RLA | kW | FLA | |
| 020LBAB | 50 | 380 ~ 415 | 342~456 | 54 | 60 | 11.8 | 28.4 | 1.8 | 5 | |
| 023LBAB | 50 | 380 ~ 415 | 342~456 | 54 | 60 | 11.8 | 36.5 | 1.8 | 5 | |
| 033LBAB | 50 | 380 ~ 415 | 342~456 | 108 | 125 | 23.6 | 45.1 | 3.6 | 10 | |
| 040LBAB | 50 | 380 ~ 415 | 342~456 | 108 | 125 | 23.6 | 56.9 | 3.6 | 10 | |
| 045LBAB | 50 | 380 ~ 415 | 342~456 | 108 | 125 | 23.6 | 73.1 | 3.6 | 10 | |
| 050LBAB | 50 | 380 ~ 415 | 342~456 | 162 | 200 | 35.4 | 67.6 | 5.4 | 15 | |
| 060LBAB | 50 | 380 ~ 415 | 342~456 | 162 | 200 | 35.4 | 85.3 | 5.4 | 15 | |
| 067LBAB | 50 | 380 ~ 415 | 342~456 | 162 | 200 | 35.4 | 109.6 | 5.4 | 15 | |

- 1 Voltage range The chiller must be operated at the voltage within the upper and lower limit supplied from the power terminal to operate normally.
- 2 Maximum voltage variance permitted between phases is 2 %.



MCA: Minimum Circuit Ampere, A



WARNING

- Always use regulated wire so that the connector of the terminal does not fall off from external force. If the connector is not fixed firmly, it can cause heating, resulting in a fire.
- Always use appropriate over-current protection switch. Generated over-current includes low level of DC.
- Leakage current circuit breaker for grounding must be installed. If not installed, it can cause electric shock.
- Use only the circuit breaker and fuse of accurate capacity. Using fuse, wire or copper wire with excessive capacity can cause malfunction or a fire.
- Do not connect the 3 phase 3 wire type connection in reverse/missed phase.

Electric work

Precaution

1 For regulation related to electric device and wire, follow the regulation of the technical standard and government organization and the guide of the power company.

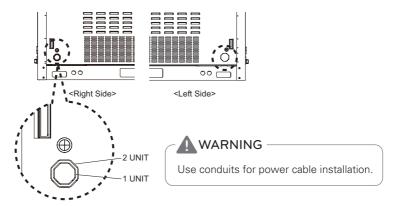


MARNING

Electric work using special circuit based on the overall regulation and this manual must be done by qualified electrician.

If the capacity of the power supply circuit is insufficient or if there is a defect, it can cause electric shock or fire.

- 2 Directions of Power and Communication cable connections differ depending on the product volume.
 - 1UNIT and 2UNIT use the connection terminals located at the right when viewing from the front. 3UNIT uses the connection terminals located on the left.



- 3 Separately install the communication and power cable of the chiller so that the communication cable is not affected by the electric noise generated from the power cable. (Do not pass through the same electric pipe)
- 4 Always ground the wires as indicated.



WARNING

Always ground the chiller. Do not connect the grounding wire to the gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod or telephone grounding wire. If the grounding is unstable, it can cause electric shock.

5 Use 2-line shield cable as the communication cable. If 1 line shield cable is connected to another system, the communication quality of receiving and sending will be poor causing issues.

- When connecting the power cable, always connect after connecting the ring terminal. It can cause fire and burn the electric part.
- The voltage imbalance rate between phases must not be higher than 5 %. If higher than 5 %, the product life may be shortened.
- Use 2 line shield cable
- Do not wire in parallel to the power cable.
- Do not use multiple lines.
- 6 For the communication terminal, use only the regulated communication cable.

Electric connection



WARNING

Electric shock may result in injury or death. The power must be completely turned off while installing the product.

Because there may be more than 1 switch, attach the warning label to all locations with the switch so that the power is not recovered until the work is fully completed.

1 Power

The electric characteristics of the power must be aligned with plate of the device. Supplied voltage must be within labeled limit.

2 Power cable connection and wiring.

Refer to the wiring diagram to connect the power cable.

Connect R. S. T. and N of the power cable separately to the circuit breaker in case of 1UNIT or to Main terminal block in case of 2UNIT or 3UNIT.

All power wiring must comply with the regulation of the applicable area and nation. Refer to the wiring diagram and electric specification.

Do not turn off the power unless the chiller is not used for a long period of time.

If power is not connected to the oil heater on the bottom of the compressor, the chiller may be damaged or the system may stop.

3 Control power

When using the power, control power is supplied from the main power and separate power supply is not required.

4 Additional wiring

Refer to the wiring diagram for on-site wiring. Only the main panel (HMI installed panel) requires wiring at the site. Control box is already fully wired out of the box.

* On-site wiring location

- Pump output: DO3 - Modbus: CH4 A. B - Pump interlock: UI6, G - Remote alarm: DI3, GND

- HMI power: External board 12V, GND (When installing outdoor, use separate power cable for indoor installation)
- Remote operation: DI1, GND

5 Circuit breaker and power cable connection

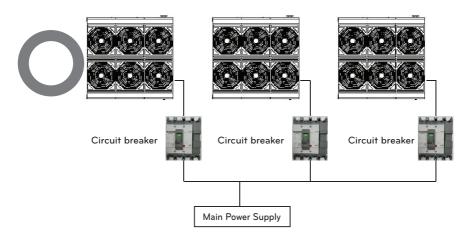
Maximum of 5 chillers can be connected.

When installing the power cable, jump one power cable and do not connect to other chiller. Always distinguish chiller for installation.

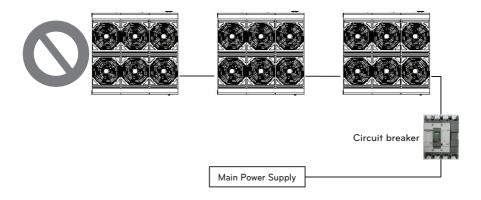
When installing several chillers, install the circuit breaker by each chiller.

Refer to the general data of the product information when selecting the capacity for the circuit breaker.

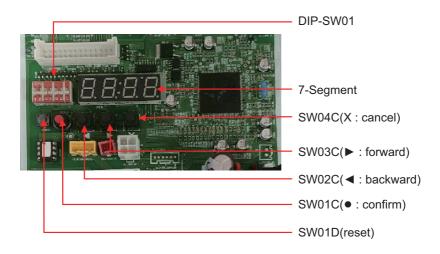
Correct installation



Incorrect installation



How to set control box address (Set cycle PCB address)



- 1 Select the address by turning the dip switch #5, #6 and #7 on the top right corner of PCB ON/OFF.
 - * If there is only 1 cycle PCB connected to the main controller of the chiller, use the address #1 only and if there are 2 cycle PCBs, use only #1 and #2 to select the address.

| Cycle address: 1 (Dip switch: #6, #7 OFF) | SW01B ON 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
|--|--|
| Cycle address: 2 (Dip switch: #6 ON / #7 OFF) | SW01B ON 17 17 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 |
| Cycle address: 3 (Dip switch: #7 ON / #6 OFF) | SW01B ON 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |

2 After selecting the cycle address with the dip switch, always press the Reset button to complete the setting.



WARNING

- If there is only 1 cycle PCB connected to the main controller of the chiller, use the address #1 only and if there are 2 cycle PCBs, use only #1 and #2 to select the address. Or else the product will not operate.
- When replacing the cycle PCB of the control box, always run an automatic address setting again.
 - This must be performed with all cycle PCB and HMI PCB connected. If not, it will result in operation error.
- When setting the address, check and change other control box PCB address within the chiller. PCB address for replacement is set to 1. If control box PCB address is duplicated, the product will not operate.
 - Control box PCB address is set to 1, 2 and 3 in order as factory default.

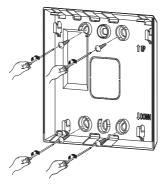
How to install HMI indoors

CAUTION

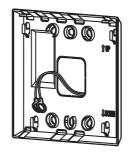
- HMI is designed to basically be installed and used on the wall.
- This example describes how to install HMI on the wall.
- If the wall is firm, prior work is required to drill the screws.
- Communication cable for indoor installation is not included in the components.
- It is recommended to use communication cable of 0.75 square or above.

Decide the space to install HMI. Before fixating the HMI, check whether it is an appropriate location to connect the communication cable and power cable to HMI.

Use the drier and M4 screw on the top wall of the communication cable to fixate the rear panel of HMI. It can be fixated as shown below depending on the installed location.



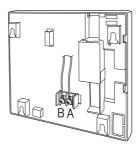
Pull out the communication cable through the hole on the rear side of the panel.



! CAUTION

- Because different polarities exist on the communication cable, make sure not to mix them.
- To prevent incorrect wiring, it is recommended to mark A and B on the communication cable.
- Use the ring or Y terminal for connecting to the control box terminal of the communication cable.
- Refer to page 16 "Internal configuration of control panel" for location of control box terminal.

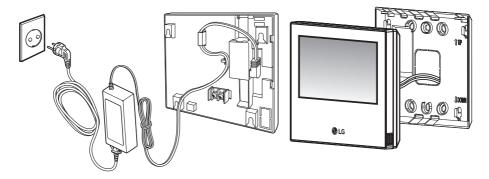
Connect the socket to the communication port located on the rear side of the HMI.



Connect the power adapter (Component) to the power terminal located on the rear side of the HMI.

Assemble the main unit of HMI to the rear panel installed on the wall. After hanging the hole of the top of the main unit to the top of the rear panel, push the bottom of the unit to assemble it.

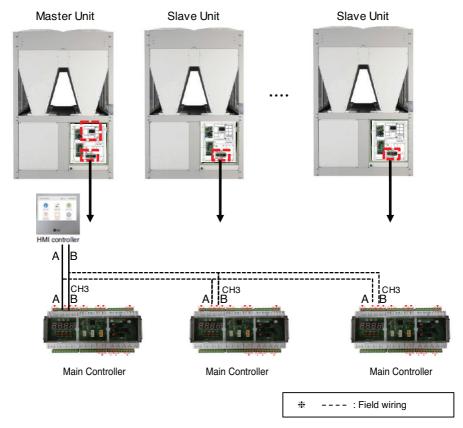
Connect the power cord of the power adapter to the power plug.





If the power cord of power adapter and power cord must be buried due to short distance, it requires space of 120 mm x 80 mm x 80 mm to arrange the power adapter and power cord.

Unit Combination



- 1) Communication line is divided A into B like a picture and is jump connected to Main Unit and Main Controller CH3 of Slave unit
- 2) Communication line jump connected is divided A into B to HMI of Master Unit and in connect-
- 3) Use 2-line shield as a communication line
- 4) Separately install the communication and power cable of the chiller so that communication cable is not affected by the electric noise generated from power cable(Do not pass though the same electric pipe)
- 5) Unit combination is able to connect up to 5 units.



- If number and address of product to want to interlock is not set from HMI, Error will occur.(please refer to control > freezer interlocking control about HMI address setting)
- If Main Controller address doesn't match HMI address, Error will occur. .(please refer to control > freezer address setting about Controller address setting)

TEST RUN/ADDITIONAL FUNCTION

Test run

Checkpoint before test run

Start the chiller after checking the following.

- Before starting the chiller, check the supplementary devices such as cold water circulation pump, AHU or other devices. Refer to the directions from the manufacturer. If all equipped parts are installed on the device, check whether all parts are installed appropriately and accurately and check whether the wiring is done correctly. Refer to the wiring diagram of the product.
- Check the flow switch for appropriate operation of the product. Check whether the sensor is operating properly.
- For cooling, fill up cold water circuit with clean water or other non-corrosive liquid and purge the air so that there is no air remaining inside the cold water circuit. If the outdoor temperature is expected to drop below 0°C, add anti-freeze additive to the cold water circuit to prevent the water from freezing. Cold water circuit must be cleaned before connecting to the product.
- Check and inspect all water pipes. Check whether the direction of the water flowing is correct and whether properly connected to the evaporator. Open all flow valves to the evaporator side.
- Turn on the cold water pump and measure the overall water pressure reduction of evaporator to check whether the flow is accurate compared to the designed flow rate.
- Check all electric connections within the control panel and whether all parts are tightly assembled with good contact conditions. Though the connecting part is checked from the factory but it can be loosened during the transportation from the vibration.
- Check and inspect all fuses. All fuses within the power panel and control panel must be installed at appropriate location.

Starting procedure

The chiller can be started as follows.

- Check whether the load is operating on the air processing device or other device on the side of the water that supplies the water to the chiller. If the temperature of the cold water is too high, the start of the load device on the water side can be delayed.
- If auto control does not work from the chiller, check whether the water circulation pump is operating.
- Voltage variance must be within 10 % and check that the phase voltage imbalance does not exceed 5 % between phases. Check whether the power and capacity is appropriate for processing the load.
- Check the order of the power phase.
- Check and inspect the voltage monitoring meter within the power panel. The meter should not show any error code.
- Use the HMI device to check the cold water outlet temperature and cooling water output temperature setting.
- Set the start menu of HMI device to start the system. Water circulation flow must be within the permitted range to control the temperature appropriately.

Check during start

After the above procedure, start the chiller to check whether everything works normally. If there is any issue, immediately stop the product and follow the "Troubleshooting" process. Refer to the Appendix for the criteria of each detail.

Follow the below procedure for checkpoints when starting the chiller.

- Check the rotating direction of the condenser fan motor. Place newspaper or tissue to check whether the air flow is normal around the motor.
- Check whether the cold water outlet temperature is the same as the setting.
- Through HMI device, check whether all sensors show effective values. Temperature sensor detects the compressor discharge temperature, compressor suction temperature, condenser outlet temperature and cold water inlet/outlet temperature.
- Check whether the operating current, operating noise and vibration is the same as the product specification.

Stop

After completing to check based on the above procedure, stop the product.

After the above procedure, start the chiller to check whether everything works normally. If there is any issue, immediately stop the product and follow the "Troubleshooting" process. Refer to the Appendix for the criteria of each detail.

Follow the below procedure for checkpoints when stopping the chiller.

- Press the stop button from HMI.
- Measure the stopping time of the actual product after pressing the stop button.
- Stop the cold water pump.

Load operation and operation adjustment

After starting and stopping the product, check the product function by operating the load and adjusting the operation.

Adjust the cold water outlet temperature setting to adjust the load to check the product while changing the operating condition.

Prepare operation data

Always record the operating condition when operating the chiller to check whether it is operating normally compared to the specification.

Refer to 'the standard operation record' page of Appendix.

Analyze water quality of cold water

Analyze the water quality during the test run and secure the data.

Compare the water quality analysis result after a certain period of time (monthly check is recommended) against that of test run to decide the period to change the water.

Additional function

Dip switch setting

The dip switch setting of the control box for additional function is as shown below.

Change the dip switch setting of individual cycle control box PCB to select the functions in the following table.

Night low noise function

This function judges the hottest day time during the cooling operation to reduce the fan noise of the outdoor unit at night time with low cooling load by running the outdoor unit fan at low RPM.

* How to set maximum RPM

Cycle Main PCB Dip S/W No. 5 ON

Press the SW01D button until the Func is displayed.

Continue to press the SW01C button until the Fn3 is displayed + press SW01D button 1 time to set the step.

When Fn3 is on, press the SW10C or SW02C button until the applicable step is displayed.

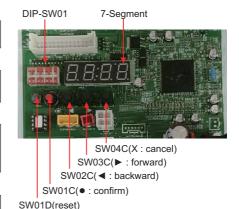
- 1) STEP 1-3Maximum RPM = 820
- (2) STEP 4-6Maximum RPM = 750
- (3) STEP 7-8Maximum RPM = 720
- ** Refer to right table for standby time/operating time by step

Start night low noise function (When setting step 1)

After maximum chiller temperature is detected, it operates at 820 (Set) RPM after 8 hours (Standby time)

Stop night low noise function (When setting step 1)

After running night low noise function, it is automatically canceled after 9 hours (Operation time)



* RPM/Time setting

| St | Step Maximum fan RPM | | Standby time (Hr) | Operation time (Hr) |
|----|-------------------------|-----|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | | | 8 | 9 |
| 2 | 1 | 820 | 6.5 | 10.5 |
| 3 | | | 5 | 12 |
| 4 | | | 8 | 9 |
| 5 | 2 | 750 | 6.5 | 10.5 |
| 6 | | | 5 | 12 |
| 7 | | | 8 | 9 |
| 8 | 3 | 720 | 6.5 | 10.5 |
| 9 | | | 5 | 12 |
| 10 | | 820 | 0 | Continuous operation |
| 11 | - | 750 | 0 | Continuous operation |
| 12 | | 720 | 0 | Continuous operation |

CAUTION

- Reset the main board of the cycle control box before running this function.
- Request the function setting to the installation expert after installing the chiller.
- If the function is not used, turn the dip switch OFF and reset the power.
- If chiller RPM is changed, the cooling capacity may be reduced.

SELF DIAGNOSIS FUNCTION

Self diagnosis function

This function self diagnose the product and displays the error type.

Error is displayed in the popup window as shown below in HMI and if the error is resolved, press the "Reset" button on HMI to close the error window.



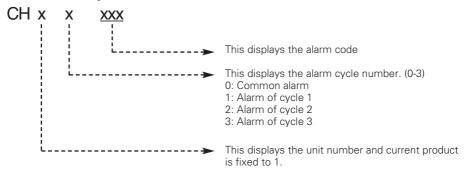
- OK button

This is the button to close the alarm popup window.

Alarm popup window is closed for user convenience from the screen but the current alarm status is maintained

- Error code

Error code is configured as follows.



Process alarm (error)

- Common alarm (error) CH10XXX error basically stops the product

- Alarm (Error) by cycle

When the alarm occurs by cycle, applicable cycle is maintained at stopped condition and normal cycles operate normally.

If the alarm from the cycle is canceled, it resumes normal operation.



When composed of 3 cycles, overall product condition maintains the operating condition even when 2 cycles are in error condition, and the overall product will stop only when all 3 cycles are in error condition.

HEAT SOURCE WATER MANAGEMENT

Heat source water management

- Maintain the supplied heat source water temperature in the boundary of 10 °C ~ 45 °C.
 Otherwise, it may cause product failure.
- The flow speed of the supplied heat source water shall be adjusted adequately.
 Otherwise, it may cause abnormal noise, pipe vibration, or pipe contraction or expansion by temperature. Use the heat source water pipe with the size of the same diameter of the product connection or bigger.
- Refer to the following table for the heat source water pipe gauge and flow speed. As the flow speed is faster, the noise, corrosion, and inflow of air bubbles increase.

| Diameter (mm) | Speed Boundary (m/s) | | |
|---------------|----------------------|--|--|
| < 50 | 0.6 – 1.2 | | |
| 50 - 100 | 1.2 – 2.1 | | |
| 100 < | 2.1 – 2.7 | | |

- Caution is required for water quality management. Otherwise, it may cause heat source water pipe corrosion and product failure.
- If the water temperature is 40 °C or higher, corrosion may occur, so it is better to add anti-corrosion solution
- Install the pipe, valve, gauge, and sensor where the maintenance is easy. Install the heat source water pipe valve at a low position for draining when it is necessary.
- Be careful not to have inflow of air. Air makes the flow speed unstable during the circulation of the heat source water and may degrade pump efficiency and generate heat source water pipe vibration. Therefore, install air purge at appropriate places where air generations are expected.
- Use the following methods to prevent freezing. Otherwise, there is a risk of freezing in the winter.
 - * When the temperature drops, before the freezing, circulate the water with pump.
 - * Operate boiler to maintain room temperature.
 - * If it is not operated for a long period of time in the winter, drain the cooling tower water.
 - * Use freezing prevention solution.
 - * Refer to the following table for minimum addition amount of freezing prevention solution for each freezing temperature.

| Types of freezing | | Minimum temperature (°C) to prevent freezing | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| prevention solution | 0 | -5 | -10 | -15 | -20 | -25 | | |
| Ethylene glycol (%) | 0 | 12 | 20 | 30 | - | - | | |
| Propylene glycol (%) | 0 | 17 | 25 | 33 | - | - | | |
| Methanol (%) | 0 | 6 | 12 | 16 | 24 | 30 | | |

* If freezing prevention solution is added, it may cause increased heat source water system pressure drop or product performance degradation.



CAUTION

- Sealed type cooling tower is recommended.
 - If open type cooling tower is applied, use middle heat exchanger to make the heat source water supply system to be sealed type.
 - If middle heat exchanger is not used and open type cooling tower is directly connected to the product, product may be severely damaged by foreign object, etc., and in such case, free repair will not be possible.

Heat source water quality management standard table

Water with a lot of foreign object causes corrosion or scale generation in the condenser and pipe and may affect the performance and lifespan.

Use heat source water suitable for [Environment Policy Basic Act Enforcement Ordinance Environment Standard].

If water other than tab water is used in the cooling tower water supply, make sure to have water quality inspection.

- Heat source water quality management shall follow the standard table below.

If heat source water is not managed according to the water quality standard table, it may cause air conditioner performance degradation or severe product problem.

| | Sealed typ | oe system | Influ | ence |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-------|
| Category | Heat source water | Supplementary water | Corrosion | Scale |
| | Basic ca | tegory | | |
| pH [25 °C] | 7.0~8.0 | 7.0~8.0 | 0 | 0 |
| Electrical conductivity [25 °C](mS/m) | 30 or less | 30 or less | 0 | 0 |
| Chloride ion(mg CI-/l) | 50 or less | 50 or less | 0 | - |
| Sulfate ion(mg SO ₄ ² -/ <i>l</i>) | 50 or less | 50 or less | 0 | - |
| Acid consumption [pH 4.8] (mg CaCO ₃ /l) | 50 or less | 50 or less | - | 0 |
| Total hardness (mg CaCO3/I) | 70 or less | 70 or less | - | 0 |
| Calcium hardness (mg CaCO3/I) | 50 or less | 50 or less | - | 0 |
| Ion-silica (mg SiO2/I) | 30 or less | 30 or less | - | 0 |
| | Reference | category | | |
| Iron (mg Fe/ <i>l</i>) | 1.0 or less | 0.3 or less | 0 | 0 |
| Copper (mg Cu/l) | 1.0 or less | 0.1 or less | 0 | - |
| Sulfate ion(mg S²/l) | Shall not be detected | Shall not be detected | 0 | - |
| Ammonium ion(mg NH+4/l) | 0.3 or less | 0.1 or less | 0 | - |
| Remaining chlorine (mg Cl/l) | 0.25 or less | 0.3 or less | 0 | - |
| Free carbon dioxide (mg CO2/I) | 0.4 or less | 4.0 or less | 0 | - |
| Stability index | - | - | 0 | 0 |

[Reference]

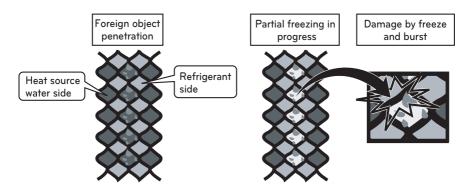
- (1) O mark in the corrosion and scale field means the possibility of generation.
- (2) If the water temp. is 40 °C or higher, the iron without protective coating may have corrosion when it is exposed to water, and addition of anti-corrosion solution or air purge may have a good effect.
- (3) In the sealed type circuit using sealed type cooling tower, coolant and supplementary water shall satisfy the water quality standard of the sealed type system in the table.
- (4) You shall supply tab water, industrial water, or underground water, excluding purified water, neutral water, and soft water, for supplementary water and supplied water.
- (5) The 15 categories in the table are the general causes of corrosion and scale generation

Water pipe side strainer

For the protection of the water cooling type product, make sure to install strainer of 50 Mesh or more in the heat source water side pipe.

Otherwise, heat exchanger may be damaged by the following conditions.

- 1 The heat source water side in the plate type heat exchanger is formed by several small flow paths.
- 2 If strainer of 50 Mesh or more is not used, foreign object may block some flow paths.
- 3 As a result of the heat exchanger damage by freeze burst, the refrigerant is mixed with the heat source water and the product becomes unusable.



Actions for problems in the test operation

| Category | Status | Cause | Inspection and Action | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Whether heat source water is supplied | CH 13 | It is the error detected with regards to the heat source water during the flow switch connection, and heat source water does not flow, or flow amount is insufficient. (All operation conditions) | Check if heat source water supply pump works. | | | | | | |
| | | | Check blocking of the heat source water pipe. (Strainer cleaning, valve locked, valve problem, air in the pipe, etc.) | | | | | | |
| | | | Check flow switch problem. (Flow switch disorder, unauthorized handling, disconnection, etc.) | | | | | | |
| | CH 180 | Heat source water does not flow, or flow amount is insufficient. | Check if heat source water supply pump works | | | | | | |
| | | | Check blocking of the heat source water pipe. (Strainer cleaning, valve locked, valve problem, air in the pipe, etc.) | | | | | | |

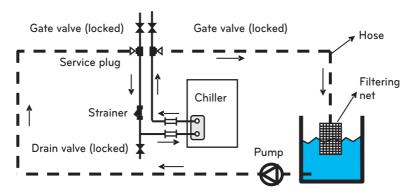
Plate type heat exchanger maintenance

As scale generation is accumulated, plate type heat exchanger efficiency may be decreased or damage may occur by freeze and burst with decreased flow amount.

For such reasons, it is necessary to have periodical management to prevent scale generation.

- 1 Before entering the usage season, check the following items. (Period: 1 time per year)
 - 1) Perform water quality inspection to see if it is within the standard condition.
 - 2) Perform strainer cleaning.
 - 3) Check if the flow amount is adequate.
 - 4) Check if operation environment is adequate. (Pressure, flow amount, water outlet temperature, etc.)
- 2 To clean the plate type heat exchanger, follow the procedures below. (Period: 1 time per year)
 - Check if service port is mounted on the water pipe for chemical solvent cleaning.
 diluted formic acid, citric acid, oxalic acid(water acid), acetic acid, phosphoric acid, etc. are suitable as the chemical solvent for scale cleaning. (* Hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, etc. have corrosive property, so they may never be used.)
 - 2) During the cleaning, make sure if water inlet and outlet pipe gate valve and drain pipe valve are properly locked.
 - 3) Connect the pipe for chemical solvent cleaning through water pipe service plug, fill the cleaning solvent of about 50 °C ~ 60 °C in the plate type heat exchanger, and circulate with pump for about 2 ~ 5 hours. The circulation time may be different according to the cleaning solvent temperature or amount of scale. Therefore, closely observe the chemical solvent color changes to decide the circulation time for scale removal.
 - 4) After the solvent circulation work, completely drain the chemical solvent in the plate type heat exchanger, fill 1~2 % concentration sodium hydroxide (NaOH) or hydrocarbon sodium (NaHCO3) and circulate for about, 15~20 min. to neutralize the heat exchanger.
 - 5) After the neutralization work is completed, clean inside the plate type heat exchanger with clean water. By measuring the pH concentration of the water, you can verify if the chemical solvent is properly removed.
 - 6) If you use other type of chemical solvent in the market, make sure to check if there is any corrosive property against stainless or copper in advance.
 - 7) Receive consultation from the experts in the relevant industry for details of cleaning chemical solvent.

3 After cleaning work is completed, operate the product to see if it works properly once again.



[Plate type heat exchanger cleaning]

Daily inspection management

1 Water quality management

Plate type heat exchanger does not have the structure for disassembly, cleaning, or parts replacement. To prevent corrosion or scale accumulation in the plate type heat exchanger, you have to take a special caution for water quality management. Water quality shall satisfy the minimum suggested water quality category standard. If corrosion prevention solution or corrosion restraining solution is added, you have to use ingredients with no corrosive property against stainless and copper. To prevent the contamination of the circulation water by external air, it is recommended to periodically drain the water inside the water pipe and fill water again even if the circulation water is not contaminated.

2 Flow amount management

If the flow amount is insufficient, freeze and burst may occur in the plate type heat exchanger. Check if strainer is blocked or filled with air, and check whether flow amount is insufficient by checking the difference of temperature or pressure between the outdoor unit inlet and outlet water pipe. If there is a difference of temperature or pressure above appropriate level, it shows that the flow amount is decreased, so immediately stop the operation and remove the cause before the re-operation. (* If there is an air, make sure to perform purge work. The air inside water pipe hinders the heat source water circulation to cause flow amount insufficiency, and it may also cause freeze and burst.)

3 Brine concentration management

If Brine(antifreeze) is used in the heat source water, use the designated type and concentration. Calcium chloride Brine causes corrosion of the plate type heat exchanger, so it may not be used. If the antifreeze is left alone, it absorbs moisture from the air and the concentration will decrease and may lead to freeze and burst of the plate type heat exchanger, so minimize the contact area with air and periodically measure the concentration of Brine, and maintain the concentration of Brine by adding Brine as necessary.

| Period (year) category | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Product operation status | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Heat exchanger cleaning | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Strainer cleaning | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Water quality inspection | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Refrigerant leakage inspection | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • |

CAUTION

- The above inspection table sets the minimum period, and more frequent inspections are necessary according to installation environment, operation condition / water quality condition.
- During the heat exchanger cleaning, you have to take off the parts such as pressure gauge or lock the valve so that chemical solvent may not enter.
- During the cleaning, check the pipe connection parts in advance to prevent leakage of the chemical solvent.
- Start the cleaning work after the chemical solvent and water are sufficiently mixed.
- It is better to perform the heat exchanger cleaning work in the early stage, and when the scale accumulation becomes severe, it becomes difficult to remove them.
- In the region with poor water quality, periodical cleaning works are necessary.
- Chemical solvent has strong acidic property, so it shall be completely washed with water.
- To verify if the inside became clean, remove the hose and check inside the pipe.
- Make sure to perform the air purge to remove air inside water pipe.
- After the inspection, make sure to check if the heat source water properly flows before restarting the product.

TROUBLESHOOTING

General error



CAUTION

If the product stopped from the safety device, identify and resolve the root cause before restarting.

Before introducing the special warning, this introduces the general issues and how to troubleshoot the issues.

When the chiller is not operating, check the power, refrigerant, configuration and alarm setting of the chiller

Check the voltage connected to the terminal block inside the power panel to check the power.

If there is no power, check whether the power circuit breaker is down.

If the power is properly connected, check the cycle pressure of the chiller to check whether it is within the normal range.

If the pressure exceeds the normal range, check for leakage by using the soap bubble.

Before starting the chiller, return to the default setting.

Lastly check the alarm setting. Alarm can be checked through the HMI device.

If the alarm is turned on, follow the troubleshooting method for specific alarm.

| Symptom | Potential cause | Potential solution |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Device does not start. | Check power of the device | Check over-current protection device Check if fuse is disconnected Resume power to device |
| | Incorrect or inaccurate device configuration | Check device configuration Check if wiring is incorrect |
| | Alarm is on | Check alarm condition Check for separate alarm troubleshooting process and resolve the issue Follow the direction Check the HMI input channel to check the alarm condition input |
| | Entering delay time | Check whether compressor entered start delay time |

| Symptom | Potential cause | Potential solution |
|--|---|---|
| | Insufficient refrigerant | Check for leakage and refill refrigerant |
| Evaporation pressure is low and the product constantly stops. | Insufficient cold water | Check cold water system (Ensure rated flow) - Is the valve of cold water system closed? - Is the pressure difference between inlet and outlet of cold water system appropriate? - Is the air of cold water system cold? |
| Condensation pressure is | Outdoor temperature is high | Check whether outdoor temperature is within operating range |
| high and the product con- | Alien particles accumulated on the condenser | Clean condenser |
| stantly stops. | Fan defect | Replace fan |
| | Fan-motor connecting bolt is loose | Check assembly condition and tighten bolt |
| | Motor-mount motor assembly is loose | Check assembly condition and tighten bolt |
| Product vibrates loud- | Fan is not balanced | After checking fan rotation range, replace fan |
| ly. | Compressor assembly bolt is loose | If the assembly bolt/nut is loose, tighten it. |
| | Frame assembly bolt is loose | Check assembly condition and tighten bolt |
| | Motor bearing is burnt | Check for abnormal noise in motor (Noise in multiple of RPM) and replace motor |
| Resonance | Rubber fixed condition of motor mount is defective | Replace motor mount |
| sound | Pipe vibration defect around compressor | Replace anti-vibration rubber attached on pipe |
| High frequen- cy wave noise from front side of product | Defect in heat emitting fan in control box | Clean part around heat emitting fan |
| Constantly hunting for cold water temperature | Insufficient cold water | Check cold water system (Ensure rated flow) - Is the valve of cold water system closed? - Is the pressure difference between inlet and outlet of cold water system appropriate? - Is the air of cold water system cold? - Is the cooling load within appropriate range? |
| Evaporation pressure is high | Temporary rise in cold water temperature due to abnormal increase in load | It is not abnormal. But, check if it is within operating range. |

Alarm

The description of the alarm is as follows.

| | Error name | |
|------------|---|--|
| Error code | Error condition | |
| | Control during error | Cancel condition |
| | Outdoor temperature sensor error | |
| CHxx001 | Outdoor temperature sensor is open/short | |
| | Stop product | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | HMI communication error | |
| CHxx003 | When communication between HMI and chiller controller is disconnected for more than 30 seconds | |
| | Stop product | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Cycle control box communication | error |
| CHxx005 | When communication between chiller controller and cycle control box is disconnected for more than 30 seconds | |
| | Stop product | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Remote communication error | |
| CHxx009 | When the modbus communication with the external device is not established for more than 30 seconds after the initial communication with the remote modbus condition is established | |
| | Stop product | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Load water pump interlock error | |
| CHxx011 | When the load water pump is turned off for 3 seconds when starting or during the operation for more than 3 times within 1 hour When turned off more than 9 seconds within 1 hour | |
| | Stop product | Press the HMI Reset button |
| | Load water flow switch error | |
| CHxx013 | When the load water flow switch is turned off for 3 seconds when starting or during the operation for more than 3 times within 1 hour When turned off more than 9 seconds within 1 hour | |
| | Stop product | Press the HMI Reset button |
| | Remote alarm | |
| CHxx015 | When the contact point signal of hardware wiring is short when entering the remote control mode | |
| | Stop product | Automatically return to normal condition |

| | Error name | |
|------------|---|--|
| Error code | Error condition | |
| | Control during error | Cancel condition |
| | Inverter compressor IPM fault | |
| CHxx021 | Inverter compressor drive IPM defect/Inverter compressor defect | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Inverter compressor input over-cu | rrent |
| CHxx022 | Inverter compressor input over-cu | rrent |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Inverter compressor DC link low p | ressure |
| CHxx023 | DC voltage charge defect | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Cycle high pressure switch operation | |
| CHxx024 | High pressure switch operates due to abnormal high pressure | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | High/Low voltage of input voltage | |
| CHxx025 | Over/Under permitted voltage of input voltage, N | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Inverter compressor start failure error | |
| CHxx026 | Initial start failure from compressor defect | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Inverter DC link high voltage error | |
| CHxx028 | Defect from DC voltage and over-charge | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Inverter compressor over-current | |
| CHxx029 | Exceed limit | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |

| | Error name | |
|------------|--|--|
| Error code | Error condition | |
| | Control during error | Cancel condition |
| CHxx032 | Surge in inverter #1,#2 compressor | or discharge temperature |
| CHXXU32 | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Surge in high pressure | |
| CHxx034 | Surge in high pressure side | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Surge in low pressure | |
| CHxx035 | Drop in low pressure side | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Low compression rate error | |
| CHxx036 | Low compression rate error | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Inverter compressor CT sensor error | |
| CHxx040 | Inverter compressor CT sensor is short/open | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Inverter compressor discharge temperature sensor error | |
| CHxx041 | Inverter compressor discharge temperature sensor is short/open | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |

| | Error name | |
|------------|---|--|
| Error code | Error condition | |
| | Control during error | Cancel condition |
| | Low pressure sensor error | |
| CHxx042 | Low pressure sensor is short/oper | ı |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | High pressure sensor error | |
| CHxx043 | High pressure sensor is short/open | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Heat exchanger temperature sensor error | |
| CHxx045 | Heat exchanger temperature sensor is short/open | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Suction temperature sensor error | |
| CHxx046 | Suction temperature sensor is short/open | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Chiller 3 phase power missing phase | |
| CHxx050 | Chiller 3 phase power missing phase | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |

| | Error name | |
|------------|---|---|
| Error code | Error condition | |
| | Control during error | Cancel condition |
| | Communication error with inverter controller | |
| CHxx052 | Communication error with inverter controller | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Communication failure between Ir | ndoor and Outdoor Unit |
| CHxx053 | Communication failure between Ir | ndoor and Outdoor Unit |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Reversed phase on Outdoor Unit's tion on RST) | s 3 phased power source (Reversed connec- |
| CHxx054 | Reversed phase on Outdoor Unit's 3 phased power source (Reversed connection on RST) | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Communication error with inverter controller | |
| CHxx057 | Communication error with inverter controller | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Installation Failure of Series Model Outdoor Unit | |
| CHxx059 | Installation Failure of Series Model Outdoor Unit | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Inverter PCB EEPROM error | |
| CHxx060 | Inverter PCB EEPROM error | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Surge in inverter board IPM temperature | |
| CHxx062 | Surge in inverter board IPM temperature | |
| | Correspond cycle stop | Automatic return to a normal condition |
| | Inverter IPM temperature sensor error | |
| CHxx065 | Inverter IPM temperature sensor i | s short/open |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Fan lock | |
| CHxx067 | Fan locked | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |

| | Error name | |
|------------|------------------------------|--|
| Error code | Error condition | |
| | Control during error | Cancel condition |
| | Fan CT sensor error | |
| CHxx075 | Fan CT sensor is short/open | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Fan over-voltage error | |
| CHxx077 | Fan over-voltage | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Fan start failure error | |
| CHxx079 | Fan start failure | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Main PCB EEPROM error | |
| CHxx086 | Main PCB EEPROM access error | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Fan PCB EEPROM error | |
| CHxx087 | Fan PCB EEPROM access error | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |

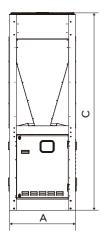
| | | Error name | |
|------------|---|--|--|
| Error code | Error condition | | |
| | Control during error | Cancel condition | |
| | Individual Inletwater temperature | Individual Inletwater temperature sensor error | |
| CHxx090 | Individual Inletwater temperature | sensor is short/open | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition | |
| | Individual Outletwater temperatur | e sensor error | |
| CHxx091 | Individual Outletwater temperatur | e sensor is short/open | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition | |
| | Communication Error between Ou | utdoor Unit | |
| CHxx104 | Communication Error between Ou | utdoor Unit | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition | |
| | Fan board communication error | | |
| CHxx105 | Fan board communication error | | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition | |
| | Fan PCB IPM fault | | |
| CHxx106 | Fan PCB IPM fault | | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition | |
| | Fan DC link low voltage error | | |
| CHxx107 | Fan DC link low voltage | | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition | |
| | Liquid pipe temperature sensor error | | |
| CHxx113 | Liquid temperature sensor is short/open | | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition | |
| | Sub cooling Suction temperature sensor error | | |
| CHxx114 | Sub cooling Suction temperature sensor Short/Open | | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition | |
| | Sub cooling outlet pipe temperature sensor error | | |
| CHxx115 | Sub cooling outlet pipe temperature sensor Short/Open | | |
| | Correspond cycle stop | Automatic return to a normal condition | |

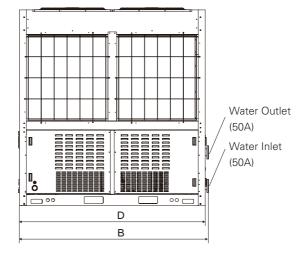
| | Error name | |
|------------|---|--|
| Error code | Error condition | |
| | Control during error | Cancel condition |
| | Main Board - External Board communication Error | |
| CHxx145 | Main Board - External Board comn | nunication Error |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Liquid Compression Prevention Er | ror |
| CHxx150 | Liquid Compression Prevention Er | ror |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Reversing valve switching failed | |
| CHxx151 | Mode switching failed | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to nomal condition |
| | Plate type heat exchanger frozen | |
| CHxx180 | When the load outlet water temperature is maintained at 3 °C or below after the compressor started or if the low pressure is maintained at less than 660 kPA after the compressor started | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to normal condition |
| | Surge in fan board heat emitting plate temperature | |
| CHxx193 | Surge in fan board heat sink temperature | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to nomal condition |
| | Fan board heat emitting plate temperature sensor error | |
| CHxx194 | Fan board heat emitting plate temperature sensor is short/open | |
| | Stop applicable cycle | Automatically return to nomal condition |

APPENDIX

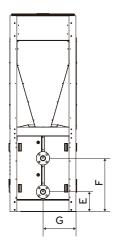
External diagram

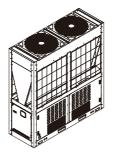
• Model: 1 UNIT





Front view Side view



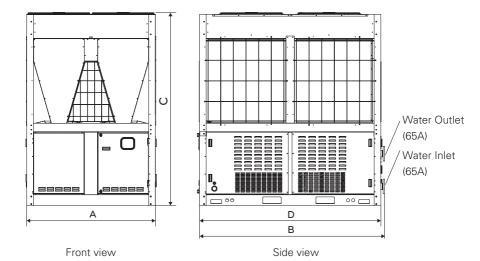


Classification Dimension Α 765 2 198 С 2 300 D 2 154 Ε 230 F 619 G 382.3

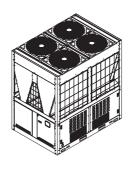
(Unit: mm)

Rear view

• Model: 2 UNIT



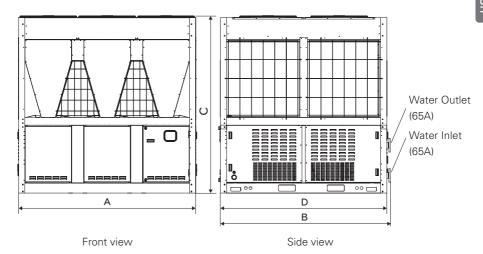
Rear view

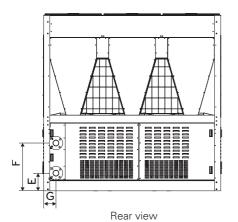


| Dimension |
|-----------|
| 1 528 |
| 2 199 |
| 2 300 |
| 2 154 |
| 230 |
| 619 |
| 158.8 |
| |

(Unit : mm)

• Model: 3 UNIT







| Classification | Dimension |
|----------------|-----------|
| А | 2 291 |
| В | 2 199 |
| С | 2 300 |
| D | 2 154 |
| Е | 230 |
| F | 619 |

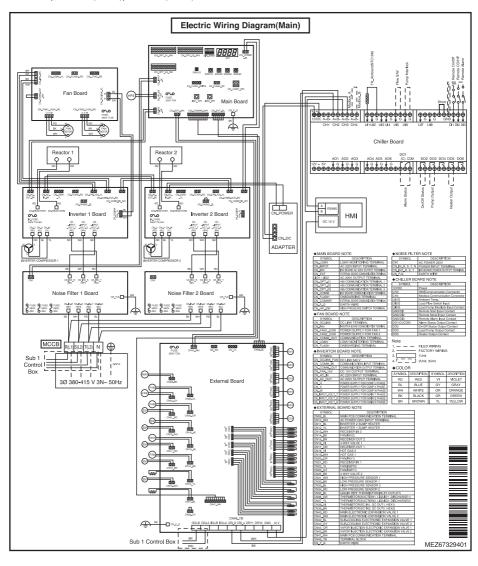
G

(Unit : mm)

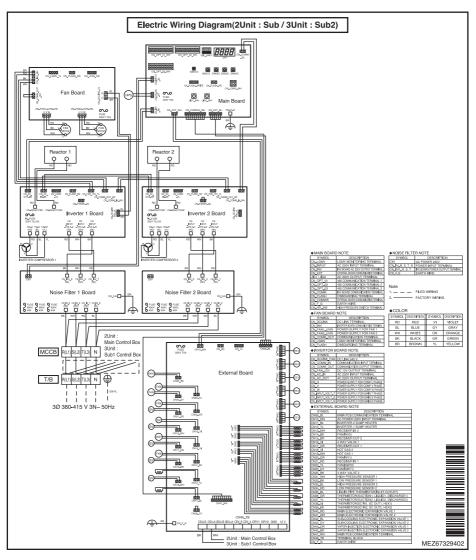
158.8

Electric Wiring Diagram

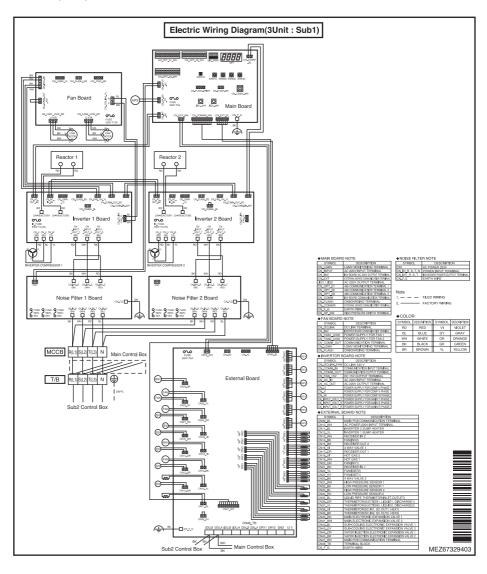
• 1 UNIT, 2 UNIT (Main), 3 UNIT (Main)



• 2 UNIT (Sub), 3 UNIT (Sub2)

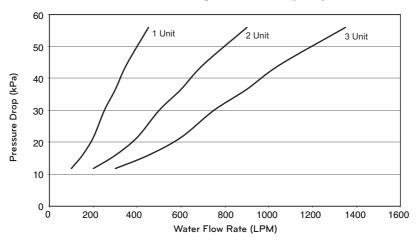


• 3 UNIT (Sub1)



Cold water head loss curve





* LPM: Liter Per Minute

Modbus protocol

Coil Register

| Register Address | Meaning | | |
|------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | 0:Product Stop 1: Operation Start | | |
| 2 | Reserved | | |
| 3 | 0: Keep the Current | | |
| | 1: Delete the Accumulated Operation Time | | |
| 4~102 | Reserved | | |

Discrete Register

| Register Address Meaning | | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| 10001 | Reserve | | |
| 10000 | 0 : Load Water Flow Switch Off | | |
| 10002 | 1 : Load Water Flow Switch On | | |
| 10003 | Reserve | | |
| 10004 | 0 : Load Water Pump Output Off | | |
| 10004 | 1 : Load Water Pump Output On | | |
| 10005 | Reserve | | |
| 10006 | 0 : Load Water Pump Interlock Off | | |
| 10006 | 1 : Load Water Pump Interlock On | | |
| 10007~10104 | Reserve | | |
| 10105 | 0 : Cycle 1's 4 Way Valve 1 Off | | |
| 10105 | 1 : Cycle 1's 4 Way Valve 1 On | | |
| 10106 | 0 : Cycle 1's 4 Way Valve 2 Off | | |
| 10100 | 1 : Cycle 1's 4 Way Valve 2 On | | |
| 10107 | 0 : Cycle 1's Hot gas1 Off | | |
| 10107 | 1 : Cycle 1's Hot gas1 On | | |
| 10108 | 0 : Cycle 1's Hot gas2 Off | | |
| 10108 | 1 : Cycle 1's Hot gas2 On | | |
| 10109 | 0 : Cycle 1's Sump Heater 1 Off | | |
| 10109 | 1 : Cycle 1's Sump Heater 1 On | | |
| 10110 | 0 : Cycle 1's Sump Heater 2 Off | | |
| 10110 | 1 : Cycle 1's Sump Heater 2 On | | |
| 10111~10118 | Reserve | | |
| 10119 | 0 : Cycle 1's Inverter Compressor 1 Off | | |
| 10119 | 1 : Cycle 1's Inverter Compressor 1 On | | |
| 10120 | 0 : Cycle 1's Inverter Compressor 2 Off | | |
| 10120 | 1 : Cycle 1's Inverter Compressor 2 On | | |
| 10121~10208 | Reserve | | |

| Register Address | Meaning | |
|------------------|---|--|
| 10209 | 0 : Cycle 2's 4 Way Valve 1 Off | |
| | 1 : Cycle 2's 4 Way Valve 1 On | |
| 10210 | 0 : Cycle 2's 4 Way Valve 2 Off | |
| 10210 | 1 : Cycle 2's 4 Way Valve 2 On | |
| 10211 | 0 : Cycle 2's Hot gas1 Off | |
| 10211 | 1 : Cycle 2's Hot gas1 On | |
| 10212 | 0 : Cycle 2's Hot gas2 Off | |
| 10212 | 1 : Cycle 2's Hot gas2 On | |
| 10010 | 0 : Cycle 2's Sump Heater 1 Off | |
| 10213 | 1 : Cycle 2's Sump Heater 1 On | |
| 10214 | 0 : Cycle 2's Sump Heater 2 Off | |
| 10214 | 1 : Cycle 2's Sump Heater 2 On | |
| 10215~10222 | Reserve | |
| 10000 | 0 : Cycle 2's Inverter Compressor 1 Off | |
| 10223 | 1 : Cycle 2's Inverter Compressor 1 On | |
| 10224 | 0 : Cycle 2's Inverter Compressor 2 Off | |
| 10224 | 1 : Cycle 2's Inverter Compressor 2 On | |
| 10225~10312 | Reserve | |

| Register Address | Meaning | | |
|------------------|---|--|--|
| 10313 | 0 : Cycle 3's 4 Way Valve 1 Off | | |
| | 1 : Cycle 3's 4 Way Valve 1 On | | |
| | 0 : Cycle 3's 4 Way Valve 2 Off | | |
| 10314 | 1 : Cycle 3's 4 Way Valve 2 On | | |
| 10315 | 0 : Cycle 3's Hot gas1 Off | | |
| 10315 | 1 : Cycle 3's Hot gas1 On | | |
| 10316 | 0 : Cycle 3's Hot gas2 Off | | |
| 10310 | 1 : Cycle 3's Hot gas2 On | | |
| 10317 | 0 : Cycle 3's Sump Heater 1 Off | | |
| 10317 | 1 : Cycle 3's Sump Heater 1 On | | |
| 10010 | 0 : Cycle 3's Sump Heater 2 Off | | |
| 10318 | 1 : Cycle 3's Sump Heater 2 On | | |
| 10319~10326 | Reserve | | |
| 10327 | 0 : Cycle 3's Inverter Compressor 1 Off | | |
| 10327 | 1 : Cycle 3's Inverter Compressor 1 On | | |
| 10328 | 0 : Cycle 3's Inverter Compressor 2 Off | | |
| 10328 | 1 : Cycle 3's Inverter Compressor 2 On | | |
| 10329~10416 | Reserve | | |

Input Register

| Register Address | Meaning | | |
|------------------|--|--|--|
| 30001 | Chiller Controller Version | | |
| 30002 | Entire Operation Current | | |
| 30003 | External Air Temperature | | |
| 30004 | Common Load Water Output Temperature (Average Value of Individu Load Water Outputs) | | |
| 30005 | Common Load Water Input Temperature (Average Value of Individual Load Water Inputs) | | |
| 30006~30007 | Reserve | | |
| 30008 | Information of Refrigerator Failure (1~5) | | |
| 30009 | Cycle Failure Information (0 : Common System Error, 1~10 : Error of Corresponding Cycle) | | |
| 30010 | Failure Code | | |
| 30011 | Start Waiting Time | | |
| 30012 | Stop Waiting Time | | |
| 30013 | Product's Accumulated Operation Time Upper Level | | |
| 30014 | Product's Accumulated Operation Time Lower Level | | |
| 30015~30100 | Reserve | | |
| 30101, 30102 | Cycle 1's Load Water Output Temperature | | |
| 30103, 30104 | Cycle 1's Load Water Input Temperature | | |
| 30105~30108 | Reserve | | |
| 30109 | Cycle 1's Condensation Temperature (Left) | | |
| 30110 | Cycle 1's Condensation Temperature (Right) | | |
| 30111 | Cycle 1's Evaporation Temperature (Left) | | |
| 30112 | Cycle 1's Evaporation Temperature (Right) | | |
| 30113 | Inverter Compressor 1's Frequency of Cycle 1 | | |
| 30114 | Inverter Compressor 2's Frequency of Cycle 1 | | |
| 30115 | Cycle 1's High Pressure (Left) | | |
| 30116 | Cycle 1's High Pressure (Right) | | |
| 30117 | Cycle 1's Low Pressure (Left) | | |
| 30118 | Cycle 1's Low Pressure (Right) | | |
| 30119 | Cycle 1's Operation Current (Left) | | |
| 30120 | Cycle 1's Operation Current (Right) | | |
| 30121 | Main EEV's Status Value of Cycle 1 (Left) | | |
| 30122 | Main EEV's Status Value of Cycle 1 (Right) | | |
| 30123~30124 | Reserve | | |
| 30125 | Discharge Temperature of Cycle 1's Inverter Compressor1 | | |
| 30126 | Discharge Temperature of Cycle 1's Inverter Compressor2 | | |
| 30127 | Intake Temperature of Cycle 1's Inverter Compressor1 | | |
| 30128 | Intake Temperature of Cycle 1's Inverter Compressor2 | | |

| Register Address | Meaning | | |
|------------------|---|--|--|
| 30129 | Cycle 1's Liquid Pipe Temperature (Left) | | |
| 30130 | Cycle 1's Liquid Pipe Temperature (Right) | | |
| 30131 | Cycle 1's Hex Temperature (Left) | | |
| 30132 | Cycle 1's Hex Temperature (Right) | | |
| 30133~30144 | Reserve | | |
| 30145 | Accumulated Operation Time of Cycle 1's Inverter Compressor 1 (Upper Level) | | |
| 30146 | Accumulated Operation Time of Cycle 1's Inverter Compressor 1 (Lower Level) | | |
| 30147 | Accumulated Operation Time of Cycle 1's Inverter Compressor 2 (Upper Level) | | |
| 30148 | Accumulated Operation Time of Cycle 1's Inverter Compressor 2 (Lower Level) | | |
| 30149~30200 | Reserve | | |
| 30201, 30202 | Cycle 2's Load Water Output Temperature | | |
| 30203, 30204 | Cycle 2's Load Water Input Temperature | | |
| 30205~30208 | Reserve | | |
| 30209 | Cycle 2's Condensation Temperature (Left) | | |
| 30210 | Cycle 2's Condensation Temperature (Right) | | |
| 30211 | Cycle 2's Evaporation Temperature (Left) | | |
| 30212 | Cycle 2's Evaporation Temperature (Right) | | |
| 30213 | Inverter Compressor 1's Frequency of Cycle 2 | | |
| 30214 | Inverter Compressor 2's Frequency of Cycle 2 | | |
| 30215 | Cycle 2's High Pressure (Left) | | |
| 30216 | Cycle 2's High Pressure (Right) | | |
| 30217 | Cycle 2's Low Pressure (Left) | | |
| 30218 | Cycle 2's Low Pressure (Right) | | |
| 30219 | Cycle 2's Operation Current (Left) | | |
| 30220 | Cycle 2's Operation Current (Right) | | |
| 30221 | Main EEV's Status Value of Cycle 2 (Left) | | |
| 30222 | Main EEV's Status Value of Cycle 2 (Right) | | |
| 30223~30224 | Reserve | | |
| 30225 | Discharge Temperature of Cycle 2's Inverter Compressor1 | | |
| 30226 | Discharge Temperature of Cycle 2's Inverter Compressor2 | | |
| 30227 | Intake Temperature of Cycle 2's Inverter Compressor1 | | |
| 30228 | Intake Temperature of Cycle 2's Inverter Compressor2 | | |
| 30229 | Cycle 2's Liquid Pipe Temperature (Left) | | |
| 30230 | Cycle 2's Liquid Pipe Temperature (Right) | | |
| 30231 | Cycle 2's Hex Temperature (Left) | | |
| 30232 | Cycle 2's Hex Temperature (Right) | | |
| 30233~30244 | Reserve | | |
| 30245 | Accumulated Operation Time of Cycle 2's Inverter Compressor 1 (Upper Level) | | |
| 30246 | Accumulated Operation Time of Cycle 2's Inverter Compressor 1 (Lower Level) | | |
| 30247 | Accumulated Operation Time of Cycle 2's Inverter Compressor 2 (Upper Level) | | |
| 30248 | Accumulated Operation Time of Cycle 2's Inverter Compressor 2 (Lower Level) | | |
| 30249~30300 | Reserve | | |

| Register Address | Meaning | | |
|------------------|--|--|--|
| 30301, 30302 | Cycle 3's Load Water Output Temperature | | |
| 30303, 30304 | Cycle 3's Load Water Input Temperature | | |
| 30305~30308 | Reserve | | |
| 30309 | Cycle 3's Condensation Temperature (Left) | | |
| 30310 | Cycle 3's Condensation Temperature (Eight) | | |
| 30311 | Cycle 3's Evaporation Temperature (Right) | | |
| 30312 | Cycle 3's Evaporation Temperature (Right) | | |
| 30313 | Inverter Compressor 1's Frequency of Cycle 3 | | |
| 30314 | Inverter Compressor 2's Frequency of Cycle 3 | | |
| 30315 | Cycle 3's High Pressure (Left) | | |
| 30316 | Cycle 3's High Pressure (Right) | | |
| 30317 | Cycle 3's Low Pressure (Left) | | |
| 30318 | Cycle 3's Low Pressure (Right) | | |
| 30319 | Cycle 3's Operation Current (Left) | | |
| 30320 | Cycle 3's Operation Current (Right) | | |
| 30321 | Main EEV's Status Value of Cycle 3 (Left) | | |
| 30322 | Main EEV's Status Value of Cycle 3 (Right) | | |
| 30323~30324 | Reserve | | |
| 30325 | Discharge Temperature of Cycle 3's Inverter Compressor1 | | |
| 30326 | Discharge Temperature of Cycle 3's Inverter Compressor2 | | |
| 30327 | Intake Temperature of Cycle 3's Inverter Compressor1 | | |
| 30328 | Intake Temperature of Cycle 3's Inverter Compressor2 | | |
| 30329 | Cycle 3's Liquid Pipe Temperature (Left) | | |
| 30330 | Cycle 3's Liquid Pipe Temperature (Right) | | |
| 30331 | Cycle 3's Hex Temperature (Left) | | |
| 30332 | Cycle 3's Hex Temperature (Right) | | |
| 30333~30344 | Reserve | | |
| 30345 | Accumulated Operation Time of Cycle 3's Inverter Compressor 1 (Upper Level) | | |
| 30346 | Accumulated Operation Time of Cycle 3's Inverter Compressor 1 (Lower Level) | | |
| 30347 | Accumulated Operation Time of Cycle 3's Inverter Compressor 2 (Upper Level) | | |
| 30348 | Accumulated Operation Time of Cycle 3's Inverter Compressor 2 (Lower Level) | | |
| 30349~39997 | Reserve | | |
| 39998 | Product Group Info. | | |
| 39999 | Product Type Info. | | |

Holding Register

| Register Address | Meaning | |
|------------------|---|--|
| 40001 | Reserve | |
| 40002 | Operation Mode Setting (0 : Cooling, 4 : Heating) | |
| 40003 | Cooling Target Temperature Setting (5~20°C) | |
| 40004 | Heating Target Temperature Setting (40~57°C) | |
| 40005 | Control Mode Setting (On-site/Remote/Scheduled) | |
| 40006 | Remote Mode Setting (Contact /Modbus) | |
| 40007 | Cooling Type Setting (0 : Normal, 3 : Low Temperature) | |
| 40008 | Max. Operating Frequency Setting (0 : 120, 1 : 130, 2 : 110, 3 : 100, 4 : 90, 5 : 80, 6 : 70) | |
| 40009~40022 | Reserve | |

Check List

1 Project information

| Content | Information |
|--------------|-------------|
| Project name | |
| Address | |
| Installed by | |
| Sold by | |
| Test run by | |

2 Model information

| Content | Information | | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Product | Model name: | Model name: | Model name: |
| | Serial: | Serial: | Serial: |
| Compressor A | Model name: | Model name: | Model name: |
| | Serial: | Serial: | Serial: |
| Compressor B | Model name: | Model name: | Model name: |
| | Serial: | Serial: | Serial: |

3 Preparation checklist

| Content | | Check | |
|--|-----|-------|--|
| Is there any damage? | Yes | No | |
| Is the bolt/nut assembled properly? | Yes | No | |
| Does the power specification match the product specification? | Yes | No | |
| Is the wiring done accurately? | Yes | No | |
| Is the product installed correctly? | Yes | No | |
| Are the protective devices of the electric circuit installed correctly in accordance with the specification? | Yes | No | |
| Are all the terminal blocks connected properly? | Yes | No | |
| Are all plugs connected properly? | Yes | No | |

4 Check cold water system

| Content | | Check | |
|---|-----|-------|--|
| Are all valves connected to the chiller open? | Yes | No | |
| Are all pipes connected accurately? | Yes | No | |
| Is there any clog for drain pipe? | Yes | No | |
| Is there any leakage? | Yes | No | |
| Is the air within the system well discharged? | Yes | No | |
| Is the cold water pump operating properly? | Yes | No | |
| Is the cold water pump starter connected to the chiller properly? | Yes | No | |
| Is the cold water flow switch operating? | Yes | No | |
| Is the strainer installed on the pipe to the evaporator? | | No | |

Product fiche¹



Manufacturer²

LG Electronics Inc.

| Model Number ³ (Outdoor unit) | Refrigerant4 (kg) | t-CO2eq |
|--|-------------------|---------|
| ACHH020LBAB | R410A(14) | 29.23 |
| ACHH023LBAB | R410A(14) | 29.23 |
| ACHH033LBAB | R410A(28) | 58.45 |
| ACHH040LBAB | R410A(28) | 58.45 |
| ACHH045LBAB | R410A(28) | 58.45 |
| ACHH050LBAB | R410A(42) | 87.68 |
| ACHH060LBAB | R410A(42) | 87.68 |
| ACHH067LBAB | R410A(42) | 87.68 |

t-CO2eq = F-gas (kg) x GWP / 1000

GWP(Global warming potential)⁵

Refrigerant leakage contributes to climate change. Refrigerant with lower global warming potential (GWP) would contribute less to global warming than a refrigerant with higher GWP, if leaked to the atmosphere. This appliance contains a refrigerant fluid, R-410A with a GWP equal to 2087.5. This means that if 1 kg of this refrigerant fluid would be leaked to the atmosphere, the impact on global warming would be 2087.5 times higher than 1 kg of CO2, over a period of 100 years. Never try to interfere with the refrigerant circuit yourself or disassemble the product yourself and always ask a professional.

- 1 (EN) Product fiche (IBG) Продуктов фиш (IES) Ficha del producto (ICZ) Informačni list (IDK) Datablad (IDE) Produktdatenblatt (IEE) Tootekirjeldus (IGR) Δελτίο προϊόντος (IFR) Fiche produit (IHR) Informacijski list proizvoda (ITI) Scheda prodotto (ILV) Ražojuma speciála zime (ILT) Gaminio vardinių parametrų Ientelė (IHU) Gaminio vardinių parametrų Ientelė (IHVI) Gaminio vardinių parametrų Ientelė (IMT) Skeda tal-prodott (INL) Produktar (IPL) Karta produktu (IPT) Ficha de produto (IRO) Fisa produstului (ISK) Opis výrobku (ISL) Podatkovna kartica izdeklas (IFT) Toutelebelse (ISE) Produktblad (IGA) Meabhrán an tärige (ISR) Pesuwe производа (IMK) Virtpopusaruseu nucr (INO) Produktinformasjon (ISO) Pešrakimini produktit (ISI) Upplysingablab võru (IBS) Rezime proizvoda
- 2 (EN) Supplier's name or trade mark (/BG) мме или търговска марка на доставчика /(ES) Nombre o marca comercial del proveedor /(CZ) název nebo ochranná známka dodavatele /(DK)
 Leverandorens nam eller varemærke (/DE) Name oder Warenzeichen des Lieferanten /(EE) samija nimi või kaubamärk /(GR) cmwuyini fi pumpojko dnjua rou mpojun/Eurrij /(FR) nom du fournisseur
 ou marque /(HR) naziv ili zaškin iznak ódoavljača /(IT) nome o marchio del fornitore (IV) nejadádála nosakulums vai preče zime /(LT) ilekējo pavadnimas arba prekés ženkals /(MT) isem i-lornitur jew ii-marka kummercjali /(NL) naam van de leverancier of het handelsmerk /(PL) nazwa dostawcy lub znak towarowy /(PT) Nome do fornecedor
 ou marca registada /(RO) denumirea sau marca de comerţ a furnizorului /(SK) meno dodávatela alebo jeho ochranná známka /(SL) dobaviteljevo ime a lib lagovna znamka /(FI) tavarantolmittajan nimi
 tai tavaramerkki /(SE) Leverantórens namn eller varumárke /(GA) Ainm a tosláthraí nó trádmharc /(SR) Hasve univa saururru-wa alensan-au /(MK) Vime на снабдувачот или трговска марка
 /(NO) Leverandorens navn eller varemerke /(SO) Emri i furnizuesti apo markés tregtare /(IS) Nath birgðasala og vörumerki /(ISS) Naziv ili zaštini znak dobavljača
- 3 (EN) Model identifier of the indoor air conditioner or of the indoor and outdoor elements of the air conditioner //IBG/) «дентификатор на модела //ES) Identification del model» (CZ) identifikation in ZDA, which is a conditioner //IBG/) which is a conditioner in a conditioner of the indoor which is a conditioner of the indoor of the indoor which is a conditioner of the indoor of the indoor which is a conditioner of the indoor of
- 4 (EN) Refrigerant /(BG) Χπαμνισεν /(ES) Refrigerante /(CZ) Chladiva /(DK) kolemiddel /(DE) K\u00e4ltemittel /(EE) k\u00fclimutusaine /(GR) ψυκτικού μέσου /(FR) r\u00e9frigerant ((HR) rashladnog /(TI) refrigerant ((HL) Saidato /(HU) Saidato /(HU) Saidato /(HU) Ferrigerant /(RL) kolemiddel /(PL) chlodivicago /(PT) r\u00e9frigerante /(RO) agent r\u00e9frigorio /(SK) chladiva /(SL) hladino /(FI) K\u00e9frigerante /(RC)
- 5 (EN) Refrigerant leakage contributes to climate change. Refrigerant with lower global warming potential (GWP) would contribute less to global warming than a refrigerant with higher GWP, if leaked to the atmosphere. This appliance contains a refrigerant fluid with a GWP equal to [xxx]. This means that if 1 kg of this refrigerant fluid would be leaked to the atmosphere, the impact on global warming would be [xxx] times higher than 1 kg of CO2, over a period of 100 years. Never try to interfere with the refrigerant circuit yourself or disassemble the product yourself and always ask a professional." (BG) "Изпускането на хладилен агент допринася за изменението на климата. Хладилен агент с по-нисък потенциал за глобално затопляне (ПГЗ) би допринесъл по-малко за глобалното затопляне, отколкото хладилен агент с по-висок ПГЗ при евентуално изпускане в атмосферата. Настоящият уред съдържа хладилен агент с ПГЗ в размер на [ххх]. Това означава, че ако 1 ко от хладилния агент бъде изпуснат в атмосферата, въздействието за глобално затопляне ще бъде (ххх) пъти повече, отколкото от 1 kg CO2 за период от 100 години. Никога не се опитвайте да се намесвате в работата на кръга на хладилния агент или сами да разглобявате уреда, а винаги се обръщайте към специалист." ((ES) Las fugas de refrigerante contribuyen al cambio climático. Cuanto mayor sea el potencial de calentamiento global (GWP) de un refrigerante, más contribuirá a dicho calentamiento su vertido a la atmósfera. Este aparato contiene un líquido refrigerante con un GWP igual a [xxx]. Esto significa que, si pasara a la atmósfera 1 kg de este líquido refrigerante, el impacto en el calentamiento global seria, a lo largo de un periodo de 100 años, [xxx] veces mayor que si se vertiera 1 kg de CO2. Nunca intente intervenir en el circuito del refrigerante ni desmontar el aparato usted mismo; consulte siempre a un profesional. ((CZ) Únik chladiva se podílí na změné klimatu. Chladivo s nižším potenciálem globálního oteplování (GWP) by se v případě úniku do ovzduší podílelo na globálním oteplování méně než chladivo s vyšším GWP. Toto zařízení obsahuje chladicí kapalinu s GWP ve výší (xxx). To znamená, že pokud by do ovzduší unikl 1 kg této chladicí kapaliny, dopad na globální oteplování by byl v horizontu 100 let [xxx] krát vyšší než 1 kg CO2. Nenarušujte chladici oběh ani sami výrobek nedemontujte, vždy se obraťte na odborníka. /(DK) »Kølemiddeludslip medvirker til klimaforandringerne. Slipper kølemidlet ud i atmosfæren, bidrager det mindre til den globale opvarmning, hvis dets potentiale for global opvarmning (GWP) er lavt, end hvis det er højt. Dette apparat indeholder en kolevæske, hvis GWP-tal er (xxx). Det betyder, at lækkes 1 kg af dette kolemiddel til atmosfæren, så vil det gennem en periode på 100 år bidrage [xxx] gange mere til den globale opvarmning end 1 kg CO2. Prøv aldrig at pille ved kølemiddelkredsløbet eller at skille produktet ad selv - overlad altid det til en fagmand. « (IDE) "Der Austritt von Kälternittel trägt zum Klimawandel bei. Kälternittel mit geringerem Treibhauspotenzial tragen im Fall eines Austretens weniger zur Erderwärmung bei als solche mit höherem Treibhauspotenzial. Dieses Gerät enthält Kältemittel mit einem Treibhauspotenzial von [xxxt]. Somit hätte ein Austreten von 1 kg dieses Kältemittels [xxx] Mal größere Auswirkungen auf die Erderwärmung als 1 kg CO2, bezogen auf hundert Jahre. Keine Arbeiten am Kältekreislauf vornehmen oder das Gerät zerlegen – stets Fachpersonal hinzuziehen '

Annex (enbbg/es/cz/dk/de/ee/gr/fr/hr/it/l/l/t/hu/nt/nl/pl/pt/ro/sk/sl/fvse/ga/sr/mk/no/sq/is/bs)



5 (EE) "Külmutusaine leke hoogustab kliima soojenemist. Atmosfääri sattumisel annab madalama ülemaailmset soojenemist põhjustava mõju (GWP) väärtusega külmutusaine väiksema panuse ülemaailmsesse kliimasoojenemisse kui kõrgema GWP väärtusega külmutusaine. Seade sisaldab külmutusvedelikku, mille GWP väärtus on [xxxx]. See tähendab, et kui 1 kg seda külmutusvedelikku satub atmosfääri, annab see 100 aasta jooksul (xxx) korda suurema panuse lemaailmsesse kliimasoojenemisse kui 1 kg CO2. Ärge kunagi püüdke ise muuta külmutusaine voolusüsteemi, samuti ärge püüdke seadet ise koost lahli võlta, vaid põõrduge alati spetsialisti poole." ((GR) «Διαρροή ψυκτικού μέσου συμβάλλει στην κλιματική αλλαγή. Εάν διαρρεύσει στην ατμόσφαιρα ψυκτικό μέσο με χαμηλότερο δυναμικό θέρμανσης του πλανήτη (GWP) θα συμβάλει λιγότερο στην υπερθέρμανση του πλανήτη από ψυκτικό με υψηλότερο GWP. Αυτή η συσκευή περιέχει ψυκτικό μέσο με GWP (σο με (xxx). Αυτό σημαίνει ότι εάν διαρρεύσει στην ατμόσφαιρα 1 kg του ψυκτικού μέσου, οι επιπτώσεις στην υπερθέρμανση του πλανήτη θα είναι (xxx) φορές μεγαλύτερες από 1 kg CO2, σε περίοδο 100 ετών. Ποτέ μην επιχειρήσετε να επέμβετε στο κύκλωμα ψυκτικού μέσου ή να αποσυναρμολογήσετε το προϊόν και πάντοτε να απευθύνεστε σε επαγγελματία.» (FR) «Les fuites de réfrigérants accentuent le changement climatique. En cas de fuite, l'impact sur le réchauffement de la planète sera d'autant plus limité que le potentiel de réchauffement planétaire (PRP) du réfrigérant est faible. Cet appareil utilise un réfrigérant dont le PRP est égal à [xxx]. En d'autres termes, si 1 kg de ce réfrigérant est relâché dans l'atmosphère, son impact sur le réchauffement de la planète sera [xxx] fois supérieur à celui d'1 kg de CO2, sur une période de 100 ans. Ne tentez jamais d'intervenir dans le circuit frigorifique et de démonter les pièces vous-même et adressez-vous systématiquement à un professionnel.» /(HR) Listjecanje rashladnih sredstava doprinosi klimatskim promjenama. U slučaju ispuštanja u atmosferu rashladno sredstvo s nižim potencijalom globalnog zagrijavanja (GWP) manje bi utjecalo na globalno zagrijavanje od rashladnog sredstva s višim GWP-om. Taj uređaj sadrži rashladnu tekućinu s GWP-om jednakim [xxx]. To znači da bi u slučaju istjecanja 1 kg te rashladne tekućine u atmosferu, njezin utjecaj na globalno zagrijavanje bio [xxx] puta veći od utjecaja 1 kg CO2 tijekom razdoblja od 100 godina. Nikada sami ne pokušavajte raditi bilo kakve zahvate na rashladnom krugu niti rastavljati proizvod i za to uvijek zovite profesionalca." /(IT) «La perdita di refrigerante contribuisce al cambiamento climatico. In caso di rilascio nell'atmosfera, i refrigeranti con un potenziale di riscaldamento globale (GWP) più basso contribuiscono in misura minore al riscaldamento globale rispetto a quelli con un GWP più elevato. Questo apparecchio contiene un fluido refrigerante con un GWP di [xxx]. Se 1 kg di questo fluido refrigerante fosse rilasciato nell'atmosfera, quindi, l'impatto sul riscaldamento globale sarebbe [xxxx] volte più elevato rispetto a 1 kg di CO2, per un periodo di 100 anni. In nessun caso l'utente deve cercare di intervenire sul circuito refrigerante o di disassemblare il prodotto. In caso di necessità occorre sempre rivolgersi a personale qualificato.» /(LV) Aukstumaģentu noplūdes veicina klimata pārmaiņas. Aukstumaģenta noplūdes gadījumā ierīces ar zemāku aukstumaģenta globālās sasilšanas potenciālu (GSP) nodara mazāku kaitējumu videi. Šajā ierīcē atrodas dzesēšanas šķidrums, kura globālās sasilšanas potenciāls GSP ir [xxx]. Tas nozīmē, ka, ja vidē nokļūst 1 kg šā dzesēšanas šķidruma, ietekme uz globālo sasilšanu 100 gadu laikā ir [xxx] reizes lielāka nekā 1 kg CO2. Nekādā gadījumā neiejaucaties dzesēšanas kēdes darbībā un nemēģiniet izjaukt ierīci. Vienmēr uzticiet to kvalificētam speciālistam. /(LT) "Šaldalo nuotēkis prisideda prie klimato kaitos. Jei šaldalo nutekėtų į atmosferą, mažesnį visuotinio atšilimo potencialą turintis šaldalas mažiau prisidėtų prie visuotinio atšilimo negu didesnį visuotinio atšilimo potencialą turintis šaldalas. Śiame prietaise yra skysto šaldalo, kurio visuotinio atšilimo potencialas yra (xxx). Tai reiškia, kad jei 1 kg šio šaldalo nutekėtų į atmosfera, poveikis visuotiniam atšilimui būtų (xxx) kartų didesnis negu 1 kg CO2 nuotékio per 100 metų. Niekada nebandykite patys taisyti šaldalo kontūro ar išrinkti prietaiso. Visuomet kreipkitės į profesionalus"(HU) Šaldalo nuotékis prisideda prie klimato kaitos. Jei šaldalo nutekėtų į atmosferą, mažesnį visuotinio atšilimo potencialą turintis šaldalas mažiau prisidėtų prie visuotinio atšilimo negu didesnį visuotinio atšilimo potencialą turintis šaldalas. Šiame prietaise yra skysto šaldalo, kurio visuotinio atšilimo potencialas yra [xxxx]. Tai reiškia, kad jei 1 kg šio šaldalo nutekėtų j atmosfera, poveikis visuotiniam atšilimui būtų [xxxx] kartų didesnis negu 1 kg CO2 nuotėkio per 100 metu. Niekada nebandykite patys taisyti šaldalo kontūro ar išrinkti prietaiso. Visuomet kreipkitės į profesionalus /(NTT) "Ir-rilaxx ta' refrigerant jikkontribwixxi ghal-tibdil fil-klima. Meta jigi rilaxxat fl-atmosfera, Refrigerant b'potenzial ghat-tishin globali (GWP) baxx jikkontribwixxi ingas ghat-tibdil fil-klima milli Refrigerant b'livell oghla ta' GWP. Dan it-taghmir fin fluwidu refrigerant i GWP ta' (xxxx). Dan ifisser li jekk fl-atmosfera jiği rilaxxat 1 kg minn dan il-fluwidu refrigerant, I-impatt tat-tishin globali jkun (xxx) drabi akbar minn 1 kg ta CO2, fuq perjodu ta 100 sena. Qatt ma ghandek tipprova tbaghbas fic-cirkwit tar-refriderant jew izżarma i-prodott wandek; dejjem itlob gnaj gnajnuna professjonali." /(NL) "Lekkage van koelmiddel jeidt tot klimaatverandering. Bij lekkage in de jucht draagt een koelmiddel met een jaag aardopwarmingsvermogen (GWP) minder bij tot de opwarming van de aarde dan een koelmiddel met een hoog GWP. Dit apparaat bevat een koelmiddel met een GWP gelijk aan (xxx). Dit houdt in dat als 1 kg van deze koelvloeistof in de lucht vrijkomt, het effect op de aardopwarming over een periode van 100 jaar [xxx] keer groter zou zijn dan bij het vrijkomen van 1 kg CO2. Laat het koelcircuit steeds ongemoeid en probeer nooit het product zelf te demonteren; vraag dit steeds aan een vakman." (PL) "Wycieki czynników chłodniczych przyczyniają się do zmiany klimatu. W przypadku przedostania się do atmosfery czynnik chłodniczy o niższym współczynniku ocieplenia głobalnego (GWP) ma mniejszy wpływ na głobalne ocieplenie niż czynnik o wyższym współczynniku GWP. Urządzenie zawiera płyn chlodniczy o współczynniku GWP wynoszącym [xxx]. Powyższe oznacza, iż w przypadku przedostania się 1 kg takiego płynu chlodniczego do atmosfery, jego wpływ na globalne ocieplenie byłby [xxx] razy większy niż wpływ 1 kg CO2 w okresie 100 lat. Nigdy nie należy samodzielnie manipulować przy obiegu czynnika chłodniczego lub demontować urządzenia, należy zawsze zwrócić się o pomoc specjalisty."/(PT) «A fuga de fluido refrigerante contribui para as alterações climáticas. Os fluidos refrigerantes com menor potencial de aquecimento global (PAG) contribuem menos para o aquecimento global do que os fluidos refrigerantes com maior PAG, em caso de fuga para a atmosfera. Este aparelho contém um fluido refrigerante com um PAG igual a [xxx]. Isto significa que, se ocorrer uma fuga de 1 kg deste fluido refrigerante para a atmosfera, o seu impacto no aquecimento global será (xxx) vezes mais elevado do que o de 1 kg de CO2, durante um período de 100 anos. Nunca tome a iniciativa de intervir no circuito do fluido refrigerante ou de desmontar este produto; recorra sempre a um profissional.» ((RO) "Scurgerea de agent frigorific contribuie la schimbările climatice. Dacă s-ar scurge în atmosferă, agenții frigorifici cu un potențial de încălzire globală (GWP) mai redus ar contribui într-un mod mai puțin semnificativ la încălzirea globală decât un agent frigorific cu un GWP mai ridioat. Acest aparat conține un fluid refrigerant cu un GWP egal cu [xxx]. Aceasta înseamnă că, dacă 1 kg din acest fluid refrigerant s-ar scurge în atmosferă, impactul asupra încăizirii globale ar fi de [xxx] ori mai mare decât 1 kg de CO2 pe o perioadă de 100 de ani. Nu încercați să interveniți în circuitul agentului frigorific sau să demontați singur produsul, apelați întotdeauna la un specialist." (/SK) "Úniky chladiva prispievajú k zmene klímy. Chladivo s nižším potenciálom prispievania ku globálnemu otepľovaniu (GWP) by pri úniku do atmosféry prispelo ku globálnemu otepľovaniu v nižšej miere ako chladivo s vyšším GWP. Toto zariadenie obsahuje chladiacu kvapalinu s GWP rovnajúcim sa [xxxx]. Znamená to, že ak by do atmosféry unikol 1 kg tejto chladiacej kvapalinu, jej vplyv na globálne otepibvanie by bol [xxxx] krát vyšší ako vplyv 1 kg CO2, a to počas obdobia 100 rokov. Nikdy sa nepokúšajte zasahovať do chladiaceho okruhu alebo demontovať výrobok a vždy sa obrátte na odborníka." ((SL) "Puščanje hladilníh sredstev prispeva k podnebnim spremembam. V primeru izpusta v ozračje bi hladilno sredstvo z nižjim potencialom globalnega segrevanja (GWP) k globalnemu segrevanju prispevalo manj kot hladilno sredstvo z višjim GWP. Ta naprava vsebuje hladilno tekočino z GWP, enakim [xxx]. To pomeni, da bi bil v obdobju 100 let vpliv na globalno segrevanje v primeru izpusta v ozračje 1 kg zadevne hladilne tekočine (xxx) večji od 1 kg CO2. Nikoli ne poskušajte sami spremeniti hladilnega obtoka ali razstaviti naprave in za to vedno prosite strokovnjaka." (FI) "Kylmäainevuodot vaikuttavat ilmastonmuutokseen. Kylmäaineen, jolla on alhaisempi ilmakehän lämmitysvaikutuspotentiaali (GWP), ilmastonmuutosvaikutus olisi pienempi kuin korkeamman GWP-arvon kylmäaineen, jos kylmäainetta pääsisi ilmakehään. Támā laite sisāltāā kylmāainetta, jonka GWP-arvo on [xxx]. Tāmā tarkoittaa, ettā jos yksi kilo tātā kylmāainetta pāāsisi ilmakehāān, sen vaikutus ilmaston lāmpenemiseen olisi [xxx] kertaa suurempi kuin yhdellä kilolla hiilidioksidia 100 vuoden ajanjaksolla. Älä koskaan yritä kajota kylmäainepiiriin tai purkaa tuotetta omin päin, vaan pyydä aina ammattilaisen apua." /(SE) "Läckage av köldmedium bidrar till klimattörändringen. Köldmedium med lägre global uppvärmningspotential (GWP) skulle vid läckare ge upphov till mindre global uppvärmning än ett köldmedium med högre GWP. Den här apparaten innehåller ett köldmedium med GWP motsvarande [xxx]. Det betyder att om 1 kg av köldmediet skulle läcka ut i altmosfären, skulle påverkan på den globala uppvärmningen vara [xxx] gånger högre än 1 kg CO2 under en hundraårsperiod. Försök aldrig själv montera isär produkten eller mixtra med köldmediekretsloppet. Rådfråga alltid en fackutbildad person." /(GA) Cuireann ligean cuisneáin leis an athrú aeráide. Bheadh tionchar ní ba lú ar théamh domhanda ag cuisneán ag a bhfuil acmhainn téimh dhomhanda (GWP) níos ísle ná ag cuisneán le GWP níos airde, má ligtear san atmaisféar é. Tá leacht cuisneáin le GWP is comhionann le [xxx] sa ghléas seo. Ciallaíonn sé seo, má ligtear 1kg den leacht cuisneáin seo san atmaisféar, is é an tionchar a bheadh ar théamh domhanda ná [xxx] uair níos airde ná 1kg de CO2, thar thréimhse 100 bliain. Ná déan iarracht choíche a chur isteach ar chiorcad an chuisneáin tú féin nó an táirge a dhíchóimeáil tú féin agus téigh i gcomhairle le duine cáilithe i gcónaí. /(SR) Цурење расхлађивача доприноси климатским променама. Расхлађивач са нижим потенцијалом глобалног загревања (GWP) мање ће допринети глобалном загревању него расхлађивач за вишим потенцијалом глобалног загревања, ако исцури у атмосферу. Овај уређај садржи расхладну течност са потенцијалом глобалног загревања једнаким (ххх). Ово значи да, ако 1 kg ове расхладне течности исцури у атмосферу, утицај на глобално загревање ће бити (хох) пута већи него 1 kg CO2, за период од преко 100 година. Никада не покушавајте сами да подешавате расхладно коло или да демонтирате производ и увек се обратите стручном лицу. /(МК) Истекувањето на средство за ладење допринесува во климатската промена. Средство за ладење со понизок потенцијал на глобално затоплување ќе допринесе помалку во глобалното затоплување отколку средство за ладење со повисок потенцијал на глобално затоплување, ако истече во атмосферата. Овој апарат содржи средство за ладење со потенцијал на глобално затоплување од Гххх). Тоа значи дека ако 1 кг од ова средство за ладење истече во атмосферата. влијанието во глобалното затоплување би бил [xxx] пати повисок од 1 кг на СО2, преку период од 100 години. Никогаш да не се обидувате да се мешате во колото на средството за ладење или самите да го расклолувате производот и секогаш побарајте професионалец. /(NO) Lekkasje av kjølemiddel bidrar til klimaendringer. Kjølemiddel med lavere global oppvarmingspotensial (GWP) vil bidra mindre til global oppvarming enn et kjølemiddel med høyere GWP, hvis lekket til atmosfæren. Dette apparatet inneholder en kjølevæskemed en GWP lik [xxx]. Dette betyr at dersom 1 kg av denne kjølevæsken skulle blitt lekketut i atmosfæren, ville virkningen på global oppvarming være [xxx] ganger høyere enn 1 kg CO2, i løpet av en periode på 100 år. Prøv aldri å fikse med kjølekretsen selv eller å demontere produktet selv og spør alltid en profesjonell. /(SQ) Rrjedhja nga frigoriferi kontribon nëndryshimet e klimës. Frigoriferat mepotencial më të ulët të ngrohjes globale (GWP) do të kontribonin më pak në ngrohjen globale sesa frigoriferi me GWP më të lartë, në rast të rrjedhjes në atmosferë. Kjo pajisje përmban lëng të frigoriferit me GWP ekuivalente me [xxx]. Kjo nënkupton se në rast se 1 kg nga ky lëng i frigoriferit do të rridhte në atmosferë, ndikimi në ngrohjen globale do të ishte [xxx] herë më i lartë se 1 kg të CO2, për një periudh prej 100 viteve. Kurrë mos tentoni të interferoni me qarkun e frigoriferit në menyre vetanake apo shpërbëni vetë produktin dhe gjithmonë kërkoni profesionistin. (IIS) Kæliefnaleki stuòlar að loftslagsbreytingum. Kæliefni sem er með lægri hitunarstyrk (GWP) stuðlar minna að hlýnun jarðar en kællefni með hærri GWP ef það myndi leka út í andrúmsloftið. Þetta tæki inniheldur kællefnavökva sem samsvarar GWP jöfnu (xxx). Þetta þýðir að ef 1 kg af þessum kællefnavökva myndi leka út í andrúmsloftið myndu áhrif á hlýnun jarðar vera [xxx] sinnum meiri en af 1 kg af CO2, yfir 100 ára tímabil. Fiktið aldrei sjálf við hringrás kæliefnisins og takið vöruna aldrei í sundur án þess að ráðfæra ykkur viò fagmann (IBS) Curenie rashladivača doprinosi klimatskim promjenama. Rashladivač sa nižim potencijalom globalnog zagrijavanja (GWP) manje će doprinijeti globalnom zagrijavanju nego rashladivač za viším potencijalom globalnog zagrijevanja, ako iscuri u atmosferu. Ovaj uređaj sadrži rashladnu tečnost sa potencijalom globalnog zagrijavanja jednakim (xxx). Ovo znači da, ako 1 kg ove rashladne tečnosti iscuri u atmosferu, uticaj na globalno zagrijavanje će biti (xxx) puta veći nego 1 kg CO2, za period od preko 100 godina. Nikada ne pokušavajte sami da podešavate rashladno kolo lii da demontirate proizvod i uvijek se obratite stručnom licu.